

Cautionary Statements

NOVEMBER 2025 UPDATE

Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements, Including 2025 Outlook

This presentation contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, which are intended to be covered by the safe harbor created by such sections and other applicable laws, including Canadian securities laws. Words such as "may", "will", "should", "expects", "intends", "projects", "believes", "estimates", "targets", "anticipates" and similar expressions are used to identify these forward-looking statements.

Such forward-looking statements may include, without limitation; (i) at Casa Berardi, (a) costs are anticipated to continue to improve in the fourth quarter of the year as the stripping ratio of the 160 Pit is expected to decline and the reliance on a third-party contractor is reduced. (b) at current gold prices, underground operations are expected to remain in production to capitalize on available margins. (c) the Company expects to produce gold from the 160 Pit and associated stockpiles until 2027, and upon completion of mining at the 160 Pit and milling the remaining stockpiles, is expected to have a production gap estimated to last between 2028 and 2033, and during this time, the focus is expected to be on investing in permitting, infrastructure and equipment, as well as de-watering and stripping two expected new open pits, and (d) the strategy of blending mining from underground and the 160 Pit should extend the mine's productive life while lowering the risk in transition to the next development phase; (iv) at Lucky Friday, (a) the surface cooling project is tracking for completion in the first half of 2026. and once complete, this project should improve the health and safety of the underground mine by helping to lower the temperature in the mine and (b) the mine is positioned to have the best decade in its 80-year history; (v) at Greens Creek, construction of the dry stack tailings expansion is scheduled to begin in the fourth quarter, with full construction anticipated to commence in 2026; (vi) at Keno Hill, capital investment is expected to decrease in the fourth quarter, at current metal prices, the planned throughput rate of 440 tons per day is expected to drive production to generate robust positive free cash flow, supporting an accelerated capital payback profile, and the Company may deploy additional financial hedging instruments as part of disciplined risk management; (vii) Company-wide and mine-specific estimated spending on capital, exploration and predevelopment for 2025; (viii) Company-wide and mine-specific estimated silver, gold, silver-equivalent and goldequivalent ounces of production for 2025; and (ix) metals prices and foreign exchange rate assumptions.

The material factors or assumptions used to develop such forward-looking statements or forward-looking information include that the Company's plans for development and production will proceed as expected and will not require revision as a result of risks or uncertainties. whether known, unknown or unanticipated, to which the Company's operations are subject. Estimates or expectations of future events or results are based upon certain assumptions, which may prove to be incorrect, which could cause actual results to differ from forward-looking statements. Such assumptions, include, but are not limited to: (i) there being no significant change to current geotechnical, metallurgical, hydrological and other physical conditions; (ii) permitting, development, operations and expansion of the Company's projects being consistent with current expectations and mine plans; (iii) political/regulatory developments in any jurisdiction in which the Company operates being consistent with its current expectations; (iv) the exchange rate for the USD/CAD being approximately consistent with current levels; (v) certain price assumptions for gold, silver, lead and zinc; (vi) prices for key supplies being approximately consistent with current levels; (vii) the accuracy of our current mineral reserve and mineral resource estimates: (viii) there being no significant changes to the availability of employees, vendors and equipment; (ix) the Company's plans for development and production will proceed as expected and will not require revision as a result of risks or uncertainties, whether known, unknown or unanticipated: (x) counterparties performing their obligations under hedging instruments and put option contracts; (xi) sufficient workforce is available and trained to perform assigned tasks; (xii) weather patterns and rain/snowfall within normal seasonal ranges so as not to impact operations; (xiii) relations with interested parties, including First Nations and Native Americans, remain productive; (xiv) maintaining availability of water rights; (xv) factors do not arise that reduce available cash balances; and (xvi) there being no material increases in our current requirements to post or maintain reclamation and performance bonds or collateral related thereto. In addition, material risks that could cause actual results to differ from forward-looking statements include but are not limited to: (i) gold, silver and other metals price volatility; (ii) operating risks; (iii) currency fluctuations; (iv) increased production costs and variances in ore grade or recovery rates from those assumed in mining plans; (v) community relations; and (vi) litigation, political, regulatory, labor and environmental risks. For a more detailed discussion of such risks and other factors, see the Company's 2024 Form 10-K filed on February 13, 2025, Form 10-Q filed on May 1, 2025, Form 10-Q filed on August 6, 2025 and Form 10-Q filed on November 5, 2025, for a more detailed discussion of factors that may impact expected future results. The Company undertakes no obligation and has no intention of updating forward-looking statements other than as may be required by law.

Qualified Person (QP)

Kurt D. Allen, MSc., CPG, VP-Exploration of Hecla Mining Company and Paul W. Jensen, MSc., CPG, Chief Geologist of Hecla Limited, serve as a Qualified Persons under S-K 1300 and NI 43-101 for Hecla's mineral projects. Mr. Allen supervised the preparation of the scientific and technical information concerning exploration activities while Mr. Jensen supervised the preparation of mineral resources for this presentation. Technical Report Summaries for the Company's Greens Creek, Lucky Friday, Casa Berardi and Keno Hill properties are filed as exhibits 96.1 -96.4, respectively, to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023 and are available at www.sec.gov. Information regarding data verification, surveys and investigations, guality assurance program and guality control measures and a summary of analytical or testing procedures for (i) the Greens Creek Mine are contained in its Technical Report Summary and in its NI 43-101 technical report titled "Technical Report for the Greens Creek Mine" effective date December 31, 2018, (ii) the Lucky Friday Mine are contained in its Technical Report Summary and in its NI 43-101 technical report titled "Technical Report for the Lucky Friday Mine Shoshone County, Idaho, USA" effective date April 2, 2014, (iii) Casa Berardi are contained in its Technical Report Summary and in its NI 43-101 technical report titled "Technical Report on the Casa Berardi Mine, Northwestern Quebec, Canada" effective date December 31, 2023, (iv) Keno Hill is contained in its Technical Report Summary titled "S-K 1300 Technical Report Summary on the Keno Hill Mine, Yukon, Canada" and in its NI 43-101 technical report titled "Technical Report on the Keno Hill Mine. Yukon, Canada" effective date December 31, 2023, and (v) the San Sebastian Mine, Mexico, are contained in a NI 43-101 technical report prepared for Hecla titled "Technical Report for the San Sebastian Ag-Au Property, Durango, Mexico" effective date September 8, 2015, Also included in each Technical Report Summary and technical report listed above is a description of the key assumptions, parameters and methods used to estimate mineral reserves and resources and a general discussion of the extent to which the estimates may be affected by any known environmental, permitting, legal, title, taxation, socio-political, marketing, or other relevant factors. Information regarding data verification, surveys and investigations, quality assurance program and quality control measures and a summary of sample, analytical or testing procedures are contained in NI 43-101 technical reports prepared for Klondex Mines Ltd. for (i) the Fire Creek Mine (technical report dated March 31, 2018), (ii) the Hollister Mine (technical report dated May 31, 2017, amended August 9, 2017), and (iii) the Midas Mine (technical report dated August 31, 2014, amended April 2, 2015). Information regarding data verification, surveys and investigations, guality assurance program and guality control measures and a summary of sample, analytical or testing procedures are contained in a NI 43-101 technical reports prepared for ATAC Resources Ltd. for (i) the Osiris Project (technical report dated July 28, 2022) and (ii) the Tiger Project (technical report dated February 27, 2020). Copies of these technical reports are available under the SEDAR profiles of Klondex Mines Unlimited Liability Company and ATAC Resources Ltd., respectively, at www.sedar.com (the Fire Creek technical report is also available under Hecla's profile on SEDAR). Mr. Allen and Mr. Jensen reviewed and verified information regarding drill sampling, data verification of all digitally collected data, drill surveys and specific gravity determinations relating to all the mines. The review encompassed quality assurance programs and quality control measures including analytical or testing practice, chain-of-custody procedures, sample storage procedures and included independent sample collection and analysis. This review found the information and procedures meet industry standards and are adequate for Mineral Resource and Mineral Reserve estimation and mine planning purposes.

Cautionary Note Regarding Non-GAAP measures

Cash cost and AISC per ounce of silver and gold, after by-product credits, EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA, All-in Sustaining Costs, after by-product credits, realized silver margin, and free cash flow represent non-U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) measurements. A reconciliation of these non-GAAP measures to the most comparable GAAP measurements can be found in the Appendix.

Solid Foundation, Positioning for the Future

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Silver Legacy

Oldest silver company on the NYSE with 134 years of history

Best Jurisdictions

• All operations located in the U.S. and Canada

Silver Focused

Peer leading silver exposure in revenue and resources

Reserve Dominance

Average reserve life double of peer group

Project Momentum

Surfacing value through investment in robust project pipeline

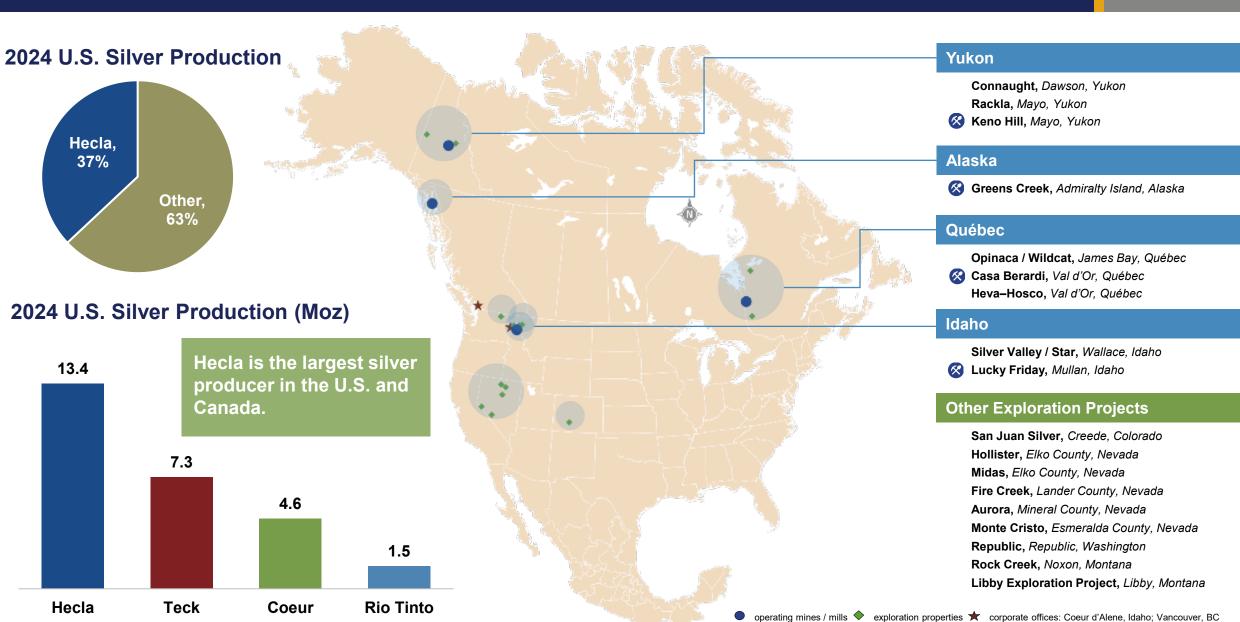
Cost Excellence

Lowest cost producer among peer group



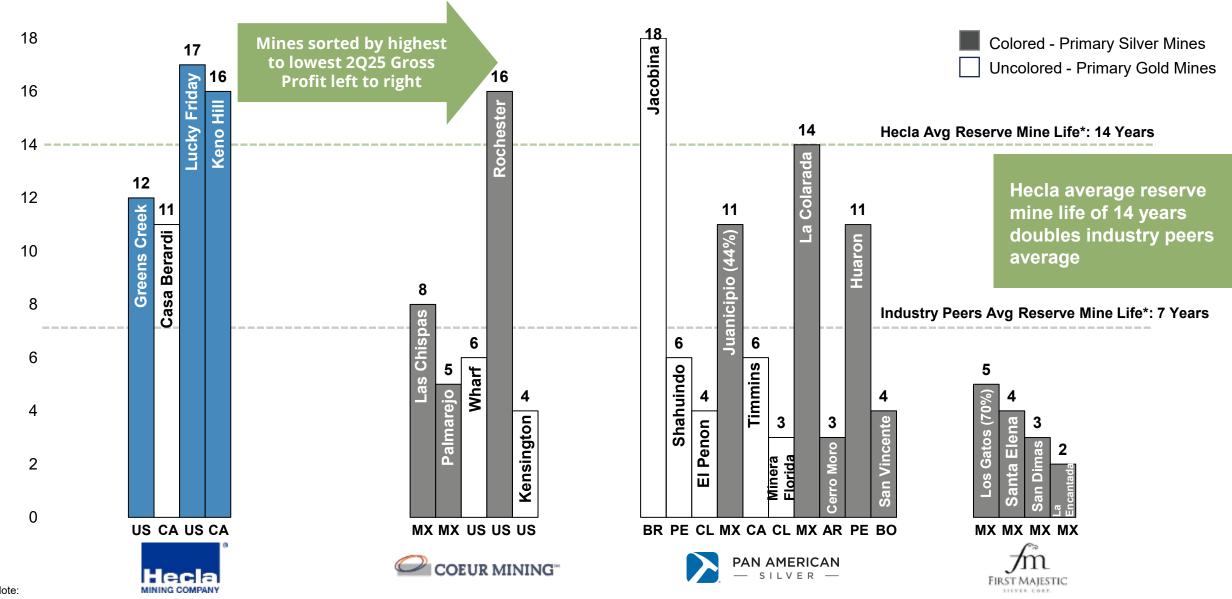
Our Asset Portfolio: Low Risk Jurisdictions

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Why Invest in Hecla? Industry Leading Reserve Mine Life

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Reserve mine life is calculated by dividing reserves tons by nameplate throughput capacity; mines sorted by Q2 2025 gross profit, with highest gross profit assets on left and declining gross profit to right

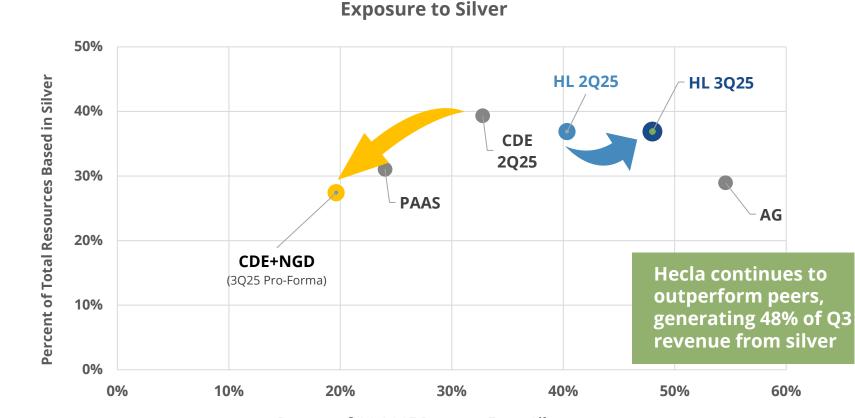
2. Country Acronyms: US – United States of America, CA – Ćanada, MX – Mexico, BR – Brazil, PE – Peru, CL – Chile, AR – Argentina, BO - Bolivia

Substantial silver revenue exposure

 HL derived ~48% of Q3 2025 revenue from silver, up from 41% in Q2 2025.

Asset portfolio heavily focused on silver

 HL revenues and resource based heavily focused on silver.



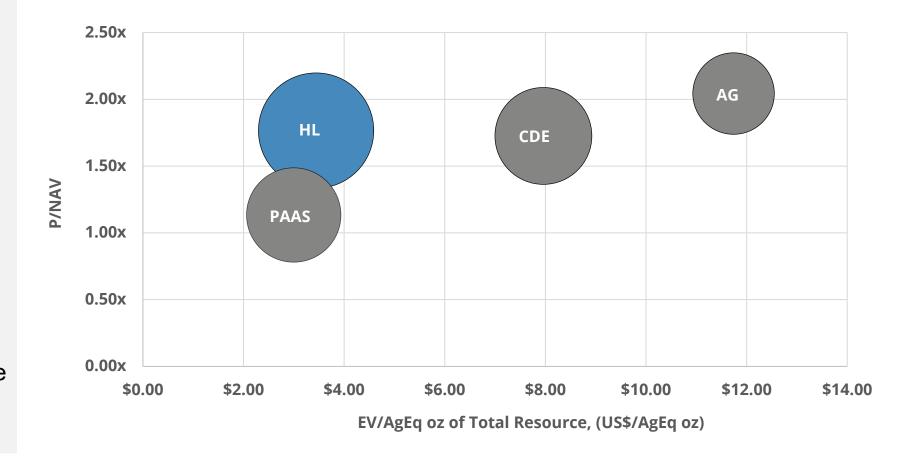
Undervalued Portfolio

- Trades at ~\$3.44 per silver equivalent ounce, lowest among peers.
- Trading at ~1.77x NAV, an 8% premium to the peer group.

Strong value proposition

 Hecla investors can benefit from significant asset revaluation upside through a shift in capital allocation towards high-return projects that unlock the true worth of the mineral reserves and resources.

Hecla is the best value investment in the mid-cap silver space



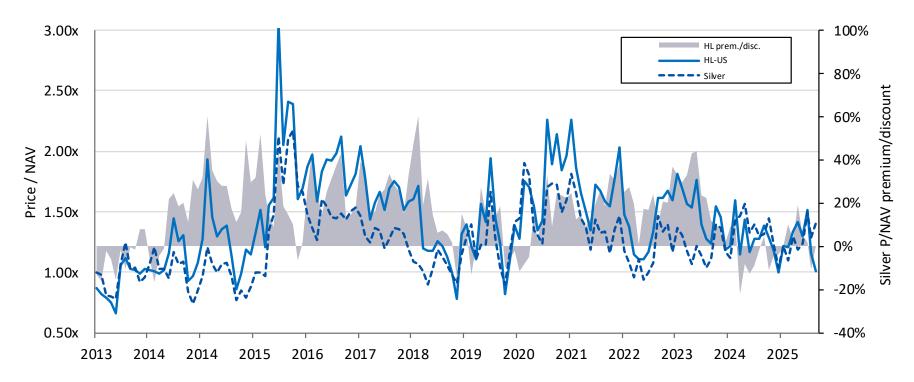
Note:

^{1.} Bubble scale represents 2024 gross profit weighted geo-political score per Fraser Institute Annual Survey of Mining Companies 2024 Policy Perception Index (bigger bubble = higher ranked jurisdictions). Used average of US States for South Dakota, used average of Argentinian provinces for Santa Cruz

^{2.} P/NAV is the average valuation of Bank of Montreal, Canaccord Genuity, National Bank Financial, Royal Bank of Canada and TD Cowen as of October 28, 2025

^{3.} Total AgEq resources calculated using October 24, 2025 close prices for all metals

^{4.} Geo-political score based on 2024 Fraser Institute Annual Survey

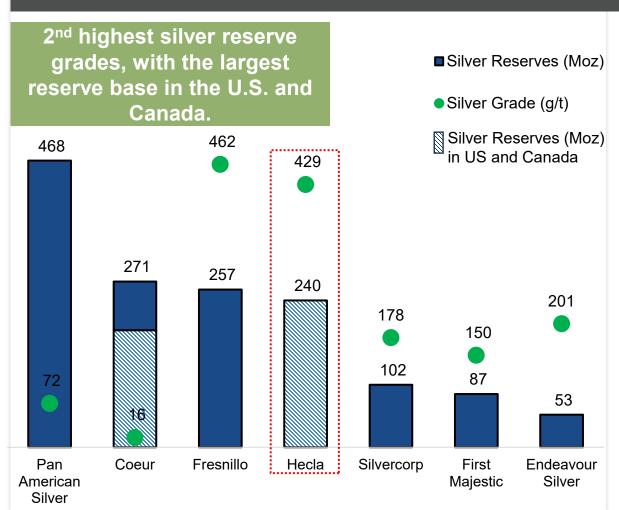


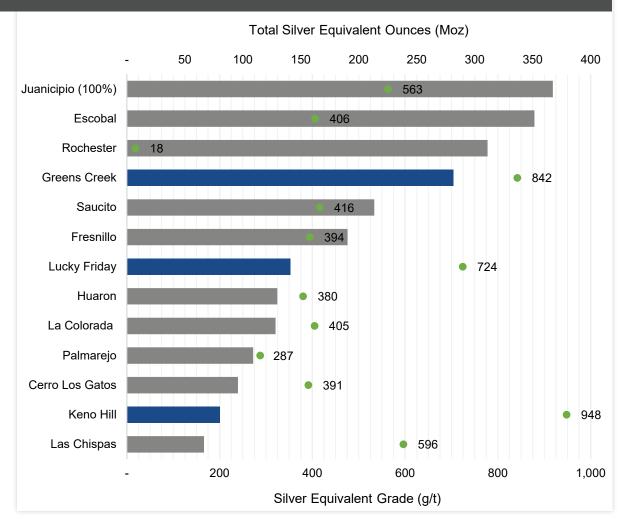
Potential to re-rate

- Historical premium P/NAV valuation to peer group*
- Hecla Last 10 Years
 Average Premium 17%
- Hecla currently at a premium to peer average

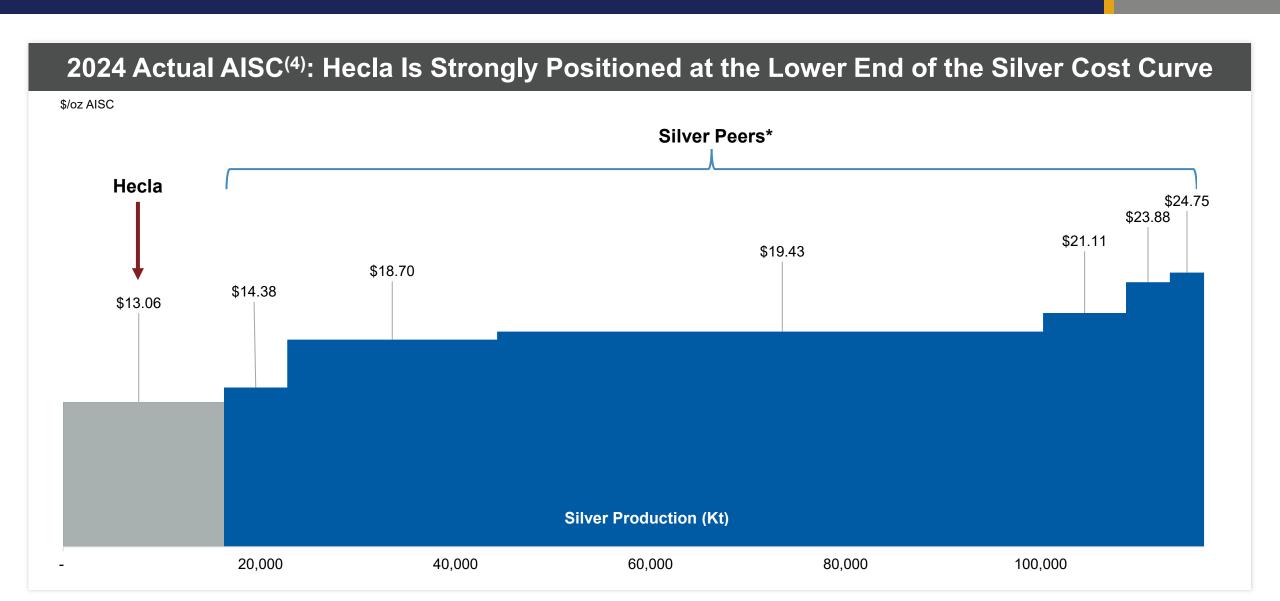
Source: Data extracted from RBC Capital Markets, FactSet. Analysis provided by RBC Capital Markets

Hecla and Peers: Silver Reserves and Reserve Grade





Source: Company Filings



Capital Allocation: Disciplined Strategy Driving Value Creation

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Conceptual Returns	
¥= ¥= Key Benefits	

Safety & Environmental Excellence

Sustaining Capital

10 - 15%

Growth Capital

10 - 12%

Exploration

Deleveraging, Balance Sheet Strength

5 - 7%

Shareholder Returns

Conceptual

- Aligns with corporate purpose and ESG commitments
- Builds trust with stakeholders
- Demonstrates awareness on wellbeing

- Maintains production and asset life
- Sustain cash flow generation
- Low execution risk

- Increases production and extends mine life
- Leverages existing infrastructure
- Organic growth potential

 Replenishes depleted reserves

Asymmetric Potential

- Creates optionality for future growth
- Essential for longterm sustainability

- Flexibility during downturns
- Ability to pursue opportunities
- Maintain net leverage <1x
- Signals confidence in sustainable cash flow
- Tangible return to shareholders
- Attracts incomefocused investors

- Key Factors
- Evolving standards demand continuous investment

- Essential for continued operation
- Requires robust economics at conservative metal prices
- Long-dated returns
- Typically targeting 2-5% of revenues
- Mix of brownfield and greenfield projects
- Maintain minimum liquidity
- Excess cash has opportunity cost
- Potential for better returns exist within portfolio

Committed To Responsible Mining

2024 All-Injury Frequency Rate of 1.86 (*)

Introduced a program focused on safety values:
 Safety 365 – Work Safe, Home Safe

Small environmental footprint

- 38% reduction in Scopes 1 and 2 greenhouse gas emissions since 2019
- 0.02 silver-equivalent ounces/gallon of water usage intensity

Located in two of the top three countries in the Investment Attractiveness Index (**)

- Alaska (#2), Idaho (#6) in the U.S.
- Quebec (#5), Yukon (#6) in Canada

44,736

hours of safety and health training for employees and contractors

6,671

hours of environmental training company-wide

\$1B+

of economic impact in the communities where we operate

^{*} AIFR as of December 31, 2024

^{**} Investment Attractiveness Index, Fraser Institute Annual Survey of Mining Companies, 2024



Performance Overview – Last Five Quarters

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Dollars in thousands unless otherwise stated	3Q-2025	2Q-2025	1Q-2025	4Q-2024	3Q-2024
Silver Production (oz.)	4,590,276	4,520,510	4,112,394	3,874,344	3,645,004
Gold Production (oz.)	40,654	45,895	34,232	35,727	32,280
Lead Production (ton)	14,757	14,650	14,007	14,332	12,497
Zinc Production (ton)	17,309	18,479	16,935	17,301	16,605
Silver AISC ⁽⁴⁾ per ounce	\$ 11.01	\$ 5.19	\$ 11.91	\$ 11.51	\$ 15.29
Silver cash costs ⁽⁵⁾ per ounce	\$ (2.03)	\$ (5.46)	\$ 1.29	\$ (0.27)	\$ 4.46
Gold AISC ⁽⁴⁾ per ounce	\$ 1,746	\$ 1,669	\$ 2,303	\$ 2,203	\$ 2,059
Gold cash costs ⁽⁵⁾ per ounce	\$ 1,582	\$ 1,578	\$ 2,195	\$ 1,936	\$ 1,754
Capital Expenditure	\$ 57,905	\$ 58,043	\$ 54,095	\$ 60,784	\$ 55,699
Growth Capital	\$ 20,909	\$ 29,194	\$ 29,738	\$ 27,251	\$ 28,183
Sustaining Capital	\$ 36,996	\$ 28,849	\$ 24,357	\$33,533	\$27,516

Greens Creek: Cornerstone Mine, Foundation Of Our Future

GREENS CREEK

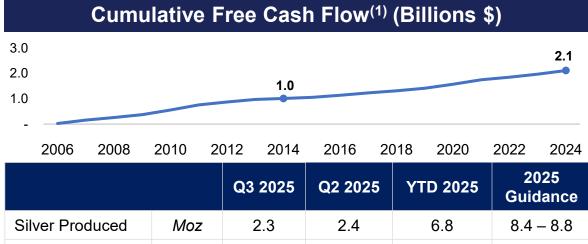
Metals Ag, Au, Pb, Zn, Cu **Location** Alaska

Reserve Mine Plan 12 Years **2024 Economic Impact** \$266M



Ag Reserves & Resources As of December 31, 2024 P&P: 104 Moz M&I: 107 Moz Inferred: 25 Moz

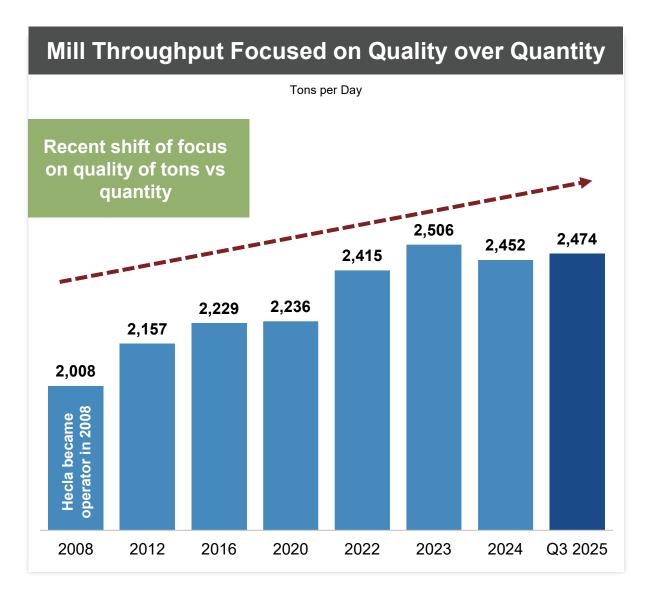
- Low-cost structure with AISC in best 15th percentile of cost curve of primary silver mines*.
- History of continuous improvement since 2008.
 - 9% increase in silver recoveries.
 - 25% increase in throughput.
- Q3 2025 update: Silver and gold production guidance tightened up to 8.4-8.8 Moz and 53.0–55.0 Koz respectively. Cash cost and AISC guidance reiterated. Capital investment guidance reduced.

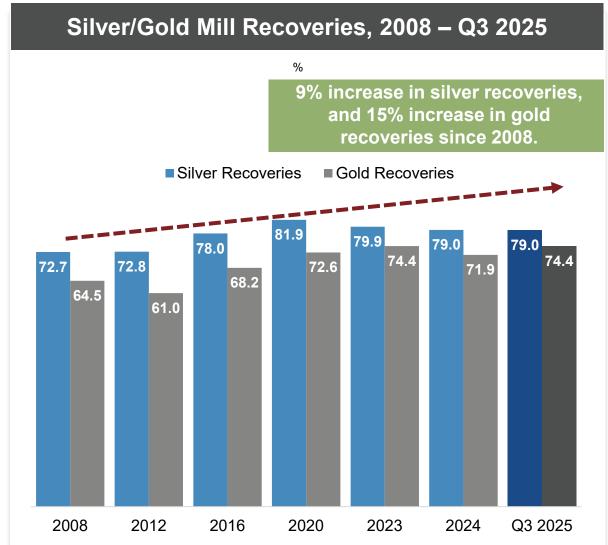


		Q3 2025	QZ 2025	110 2025	Guidance
Silver Produced	Moz	2.3	2.4	6.8	8.4 – 8.8
Silver Grade Milled	opt	13.1	13.4	12.8	-
Gold Produced	Koz	15.6	17.8	47.1	53 – 55
Total Cost of Sales ⁽⁷⁾	\$M	\$81.7	\$58.9	\$210.2	\$289.0
Capital Additions	\$M	\$12.2	\$8.4	\$31.3	\$47 - \$52
Free Cash Flow ⁽¹⁾	\$M	\$74.5	\$69.0	\$176.9	-
Cash Cost ⁽⁵⁾	\$/Ag oz	\$(8.50)	\$(11.91)	\$(8.41)	\$(7.00) - \$(5.75)
AISC ⁽⁴⁾	\$/Ag oz	\$(2.55)	\$(8.19)	\$(3.82)	\$(1.00) - \$0.50
					15

Continuous Improvement Since Acquisition

GREENS CREEK





Lucky Friday: 2nd Cornerstone Mine

LUCKY FRIDAY

Metals Ag, Pb, Zn **Location** Idaho

Reserve Mine Plan
17 Years

2024 Economic Impact \$171M

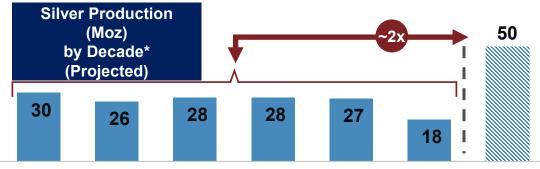


Ag Reserves & Resources
As of December 31, 2024

P&P: 72 Moz

M&I: 40 Moz

Inferred: 39 Moz



1962-1971 1972-1981 1982-1991 1992-2001 2002-2011 2012-2021 2022-2031

- Underhand Closed Bench mining method, investment have positioned Lucky Friday to have the best decade in its 80-year history.
- Planned surface cooling project infrastructure, tracking for completion in 2026.
- Union labor contract agreement expires May 2029.
- Q3 2025 update: Silver production guidance tightened up to 4.9-5.1 Moz. Cash cost and AISC per silver ounce (after by-product credits) guidance increased and capital investment guidance reiterated.

		Q3 2025	Q2 2025	YTD 2025	2025 Guidance
Silver Produced	Moz	1.3	1.3	4.0	4.9 – 5.1
Silver Grade Milled	opt	13.4	12.5	12.9	-
Total Cost of Sales ⁽⁷⁾	\$M	\$44.6	\$42.3	\$131.0	\$175.0
Capital Additions	\$M	\$16.9	\$15.9	\$48.3	\$63 - \$68
Free Cash Flow ⁽¹⁾	\$M	\$13.5	\$4.9	\$26.7	-
Cash Cost ⁽⁵⁾	\$/Ag oz	\$9.33	\$6.19	\$8.29	\$7.50 - \$8.50
AISC ⁽⁴⁾	\$/Ag oz	\$23.30	\$19.07	\$20.81	\$21.00 - \$22.50

Underhand Closed Bench (UCB) Method

LUCKY FRIDAY

Large-scale blasting proactively helps manage seismic risk and increases throughput

More innovative: uses advanced drilling and blasting techniques to fragment the mineralized ore zone

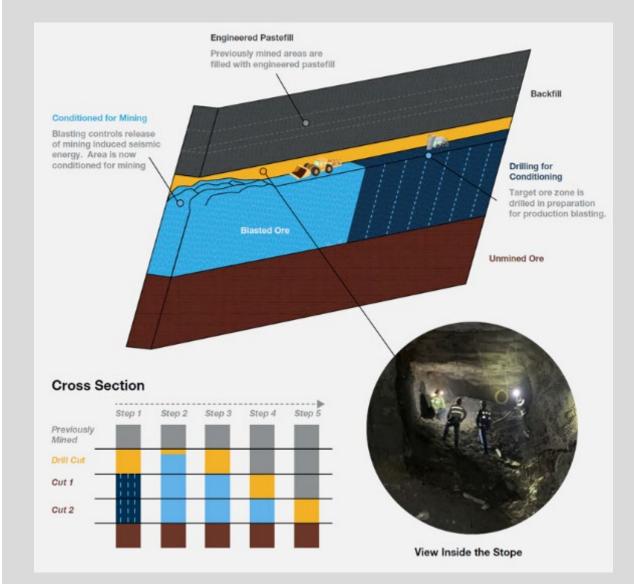
Safer: miners work below engineered backfill and above a destressed zone

More productive:

larger and less handheld equipment, more task-based mining

More controlled:

Allows for greater control of the release of seismic energy, resulting in improved safety



Keno Hill: Largest Silver Producer In Canada

KENO HILL

Metals Ag, Pb, Zn **Location** Yukon

Reserve Mine Plan
16 Years

2024 Economic Impact \$179M



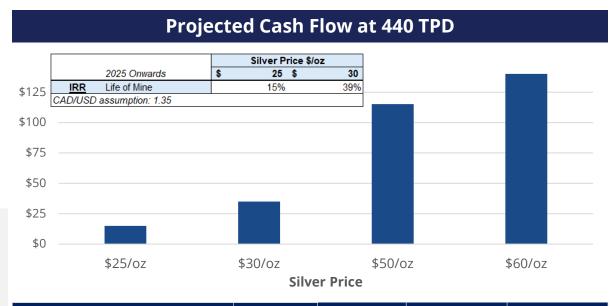
Ag Reserves & Resources
As of December 31, 2024

P&P: 64 Moz

M&I: 14 Moz

Inferred: 19 Moz

- Land package of 88 square miles, exploration drilling continues to confirm significant exploration potential in the district.
- 440 tons per day pathway to profitability at conservative silver price of \$25/oz continues while ramping up to higher tonnage rate. Q3 2025 marked the second consecutive positive free cash flow quarter.
- Focus on maintaining good relationship with local communities, including Na-Cho Nyäk Dun.
- Q3 2025 update: Silver production guidance tightened up to 2.9-3.1 Moz. Capital investment guidance increased, with capital development metres tracking 13% ahead of plan.



		Q3 2025	Q2 2025	YTD 2025	2025 Guidance
Silver Produced	Moz	0.9	8.0	2.4	2.9 – 3.1
Silver Grade Milled	opt	31.8	28.9	30.0	-
Total Cost of Sales ⁽⁷⁾	\$M	\$31.2	\$25.9	\$72.9	-
Capital Additions	\$M	\$14.7	\$17.0	\$42.2	\$48 - \$54
Free Cash Flow ⁽¹⁾	\$M	\$8.3	\$2.7	\$(7.3)	- 19

Q3 2025 Mill Throughput

Silver production of 898.3 Koz at 323 tons per day mill throughput





Key Requirements

Requirements

Infrastructure Reliable power supply

 Cemented tails batch plant to transition to underhand mining

Consistent 440 tons per day

- Water treatment plant (designs and upgrades)
- Dry stack tailing facility capacity
- Mobile maintenance facilities
- Increased UG development

Permits Required



Other Requirements



- Cemented tails batch plant authorization (already received, plant is being commissioned)
- Water treatment plant upgrade (Bermingham, Flame & Moth)
- Waste storage for Flame & Moth
- Build relationships with the First Nation of Na Cho Nyäk Dun (FNNND), Yukon Government ("YG")
- Improve environmental compliance
- Improve safety, training, supervision

Casa Berardi: Strong Cash Generation Driving Strategic Options

CASA BERARDI

Metals Au **Location** Quebec

Reserve Mine Plan 12 Years

2024 Economic Impact \$259M

- Strategic Review Update:
 - Received multiple inquiries and offers
 - Gold price: ~ \$1,000 higher than when strategic review launched
 - Result: Most compelling option is to continue operation while strategic review continues and offers will be considered
- Q3 Performance: \$35.5M free cash flow; cost expected to decrease in 4Q25
- Underground Expected to Continue: Based on current economic and operational conditions
- Operational Excellence: Mine personnel performance has been excellent
- Updated guidance: 2025 gold production guidance tightened up to 92.0-95.0 Koz. Cash costs, AISC and capital investment guidance reiterated.



Au Reserves & Resources
As of December 31, 2024

P&P: 1,291 Koz

M&I: 901 Koz

Inferred: 465 Koz

		Q3 2025	Q2 2025	YTD 2025	2025 Guidance
Gold Produced	Koz	25.1	28.1	73.7	92 - 95
Gold Grade Milled	opt	0.07	0.08	0.07	-
Total Cost of Sales ⁽⁷⁾	\$M	\$55.4	\$50.8	\$156.9	\$205.0
Capital Additions	\$M	\$13.5	\$15.4	\$45.1	\$64 - \$68
Cash Cost ⁽⁵⁾	\$/Au oz	\$1,582	\$1,578	\$1,750	\$1,700 - \$1,800
AISC ⁽⁴⁾	\$/Au oz	\$1,746	\$1,669	\$1,871	\$1,850 - \$2,000
Free Cash Flow ⁽¹⁾	\$M	\$35.5	\$31.8	\$60.9	- 2

2026/2027 cashflows include open pit only; further upside potential with extension of underground



Notes:

⁻ ROIC is calculated based on the three-year period from 2025 through 2027

\$28M

Exploration Budget for 2025, focused on Greens Creek and Keno Hill, with significant investment in Nevada

Nevada (\$4.9M)

Exploration activities commenced in May with two surface core drills testing multiple high-priority targets at Midas



Greens Creek (\$9M)

Focus on resource expansion and conversion to expand and upgrade multiple ore zones



Keno Hill (\$8.4M)

Exploration and definition drilling at Bermingham, Exploration drilling in underexplored areas





Unlock hidden value in Nevada

Operating History:

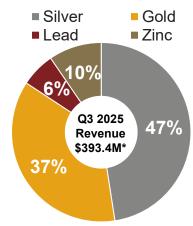
- Midas: 2.2 Moz gold, 27.0 Moz silver historically at 0.5 oz/ton gold equivalent; fully permitted mill with tailings capacity.
- Hollister: 0.5 Moz gold equivalent at 0.8 oz/ton gold;
 within hauling distance to Midas infrastructure.
- Aurora: 1.9 Moz gold, 20.0 Moz silver historically with on-site 600 tpd mill.
- All Properties: Significant exploration potential, minimal regulatory hurdles, and existing infrastructure create potential to drive shareholder returns.





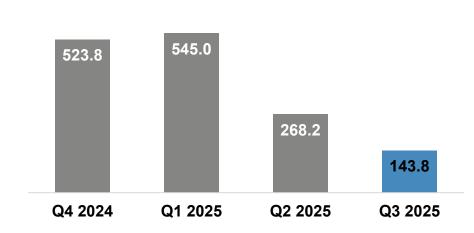
Q3/25 Revenues By Metal

Siver accounts for 47% of revenues

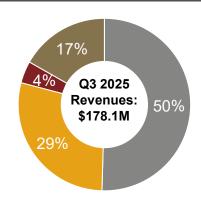


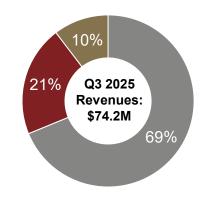
Net Debt – Last Twelve Months



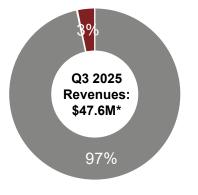


Q3/25 Revenues By Operation









Greens Creek: 45% of Total Revenue

Lucky Friday: 19% of Total Revenue

Casa Berardi: 24% of Total Revenue

Keno Hill: 12% of Total Revenue

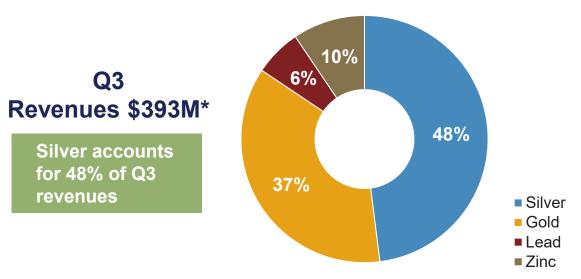
^{*} Chart excludes ERDC Environmental Services revenues, Numbers are rounded and total may exceed 100%.

⁼Cash Costs after by-product credits, AISC after by-product credits and Margins are non-GAAP measures. Reconciliation to GAAP is provided in the appendix. Silver Margin is calculated as Realized Silver Price of \$42.58/oz less AISC, after by-product credits of \$11.01/oz

^{*} Keno Hill excludes revenue from ERDC of about \$16.2M.

Q3 Financial Highlights and Capital Allocation

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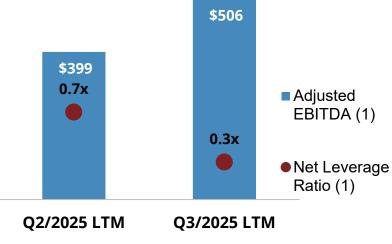








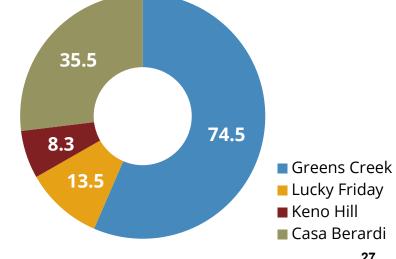
Net leverage ratio of 0.3x



Q3 FCF (2) by **Operation**

in millions USD

Consolidated free cash flow of \$90.1M, reflecting continued income generation across all assets



Hecla at a Glance

Company Overview

Headquarters	Coeur d'Alene, Idaho
Stock Ticker	NYSE: HL
Common Shares Outstanding	669.99M
Market Capitalization (\$ billion)	\$9.081
Dividend (paid quarterly)	\$0.00375/share

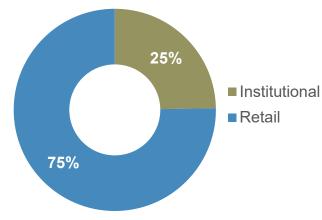
Equity Research Coverage

Firm	Analyst
BMO Capital Markets	Kevin O'Halloran
Canaccord Genuity Corp (Canada)	Dalton Baretto
Cantor Fitzgerald	Mike Kozak
CIBC	Cosmos Chiu
H.C. Wainwright & Co.	Heiko Ihle
National Bank Financial	Alex Terentiew
RBC Capital Markets	Michael Siperco
Roth Capital Partners	Joe Reagor
TD Cowen Note:	Wayne Lam

1. Market capitalization as of November 6, 2025

2. Ownership overview and top 10 institutional shareholders as at September 30, 2025

Ownership Overview²



Top 10 Shareholders²

Name	% of S/O
BlackRock Institutional Trust	13.35%
The Vanguard Group	9.43%
Van Eck Associates	7.11%
State Street Global Advisors	5.31%
Tidal Investments LLC	4.20%
Dimensional Fund Advisors	3.49%
Mirae Asset Global Investments	3.27%
Geode Capital Management	2.24%
Oppenheimer &Co.	1.75%
Charles Schwab Investment Management	1.28%



Strong early results from Pogo and Sinter target areas

Proven and Probable Silver Reserves 0
Million Ounces Measured and Indicated Silver Resources

1
Million Ounces

Inferred Silver Resources 16 Million Ounces 2025 Production Outlook O Million Ounces Proven and Probable SEO Reserves*

Million Ounces

Measured and Indicated SEO Resources*

14

Million Ounces

Inferred SEO
Resources*

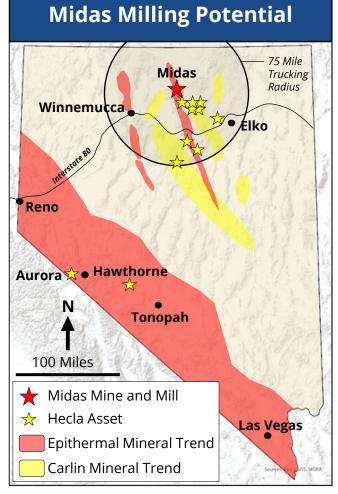
313
Million Ounces

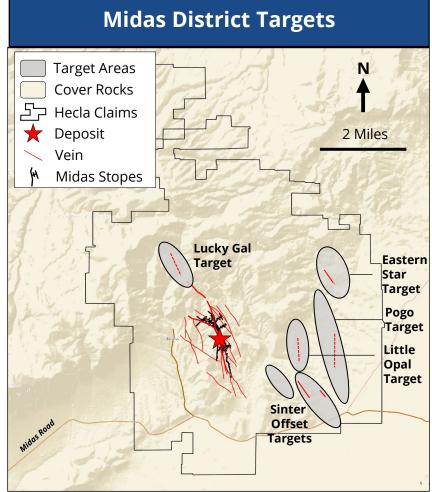
202
Buc
5
Million Million

2025 Exploration
Budget

5
Million USD

- Pogo & Sinter Offset Targets: Visible gold intersected, follow-up drilling underway
- 5 targets tested in 2025; 313M oz SEO inferred resources across district
- Aurora added to Fast 41 Initiative; EA decisions expected Q4 2025





Midas – Discovery Update: Visible Gold Expands Target Pipeline

Expanded drilling program in Q3-Q4 for follow-up offset drilling

NOVEMBER 2025 UPDATE

Proven and Probable Silver Reserves 0
Million Ounces Measured and Indicated Silver Resources

Million Ounces

Inferred Silver Resources 16 Million Ounces 2025 Production Outlook Million Ounces

Proven and Probable SEO Reserves*

Million Ounces

Measured and Indicated SEO Resources*

14

Million Ounces

Inferred SEO
Resources*

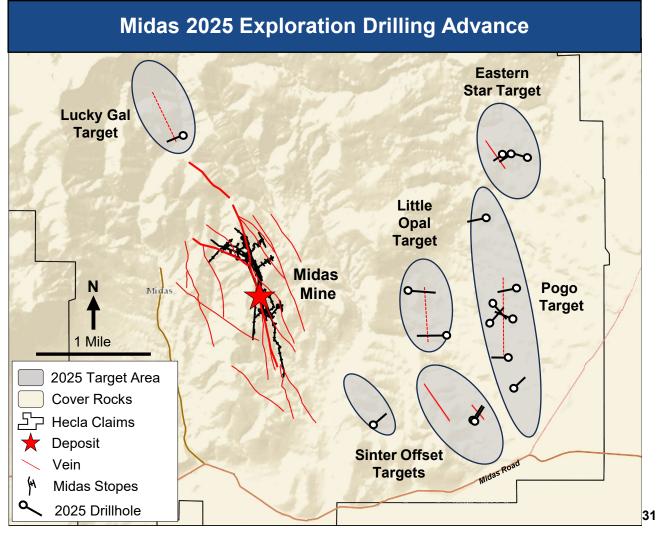
313
Million Ounces

2025 Exploration
Budget

5
Million USD

Drilling at Pogo and Sinter Offset has intersected visible gold in both target areas, validating our systematic district-scale exploration approach.

- Pogo: 0.5' visible gold in silicified breccia within broader 2.2-foot structure; follow-up drilling in progress
- Sinter Offset: 1.1' quartz vein with visible gold + silver mineralization within a broader 21.4-foot alteration zone
- Pipeline: Lucky Gal and Little Opal structures confirmed; 2026 follow-up planned to advance best targets



1. Discovery Momentum

- Visible gold intersected at 2 new targets (Pogo & Sinter Offset)
- Systematic approach validated: 5 targets tested, structures confirmed at 4
- Early-stage discoveries demonstrate district-scale potential

2. Near-Term Catalysts

- Follow-up drilling at high-priority targets continuing into Q4 2025
- Aurora added to Fast 41 Initiative EA decision expected Q4 2025
- Assay results pending from visible gold intercepts

3. Strategic Value

- 313M SEO inferred resources across Nevada projects
- 100-mile trucking radius to existing Midas mill infrastructure potential for Hub & Spoke operations
- Low-cost exploration leveraging operational infrastructure

2025 Production

Outlook

NOVEMBER 2025 UPDATE

Proven and Probable Silver Reserves

104 Million Ounces Measured and Indicated Silver Resources

107 Million Ounces Inferred Silver Resources

Million Ounces

8 Million Ounces Proven and Probable SEO Reserves*

162 Million Ounces Measured and Indicated SEO Resources*

153 Million Ounces Inferred SEO Resources

Million Ounces

2025 Exploration Budget **6.5**

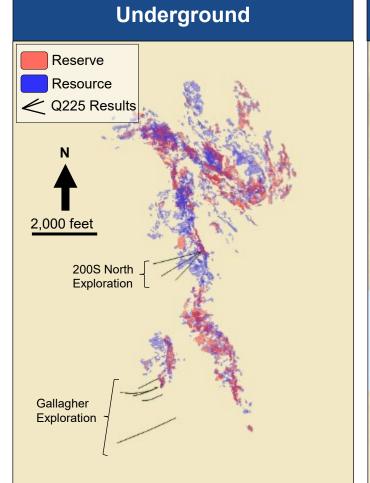
Million USD

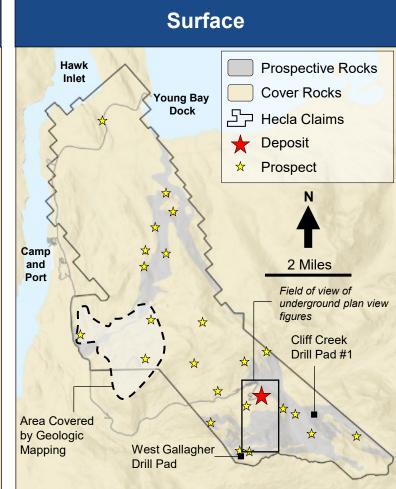
UG Exploration Results

- Gallagher mineralization extended 550' feet down plunge from existing resource
- 200S Zones showing silver-rich mineralization, warrants follow-up

Surface Exploration Program

- 3 target areas drilled (East Ore, Cliff Creek, Gallagher)
- Geophysics and mapping completed
- EA permitting approval on track for Feb 2026





Greens Creek – Gallagher Zone: 550-Foot Extension Demonstrates Resource Growth Potential

NOVEMBER 2025 UPDATE

Proven and Probable Silver Reserves

104 Million Ounces Measured and Indicated Silver Resources

107 Million Ounces Inferred Silver Resources

Million Ounces

2025 Production Outlook 8 Million Ounces Proven and Probable SEO Reserves*

162

Million Ounces

Measured and Indicated SEO Resources*

153

Million Ounces

Inferred SEO Resources*

32

Million Ounces 2025 Exploration
Budget
6.5
Million USD

Resource Growth Potential

Gallagher

 Successfully extended mineralization 550 feet down-plunge from existing Gallagher resource

Northern 200S

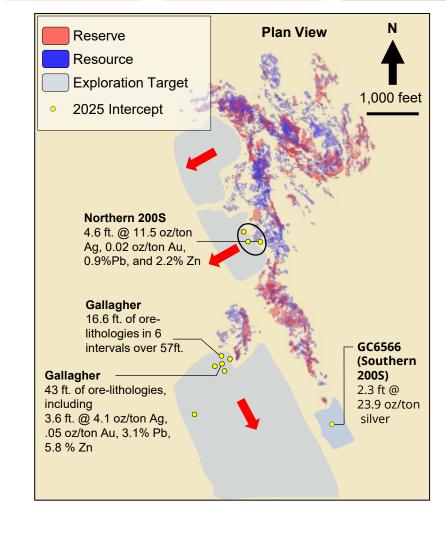
 Successfully extended mineralization 150 feet to the west from existing resource

Southern 200S

 Successfully extended ore-grade mineralization 500 feet down plunge from existing resource

Next Steps

 Planned Q4 2025 and 2026 follow-up drilling; downhole geophysics interpretation ongoing



Greens Creek – Extending Mineralization In Multiple Zones

NOVEMBER 2025 UPDATE

1. Expanding Underground Mineralization

- Gallagher: Extended mineralization 550 feet from existing resource
- Best intercept: 3.6 '@ 31. oz/ton silver, 5.8% zinc, and 3.1% lead
- 200S Zones: Silver-rich mineralization warrants 2026 follow-up

2. Surface Exploration Advancing

- Drilling completed at 3 high-priority target areas
- Geophysics and mapping enhance geological understanding
- Targeting new discoveries beyond current resource base

3. Clear Path Forward

- EA permitting on track for February 2026 approval
- 2026 underground follow-up programs planned
- Downhole geophysics interpretation ongoing at Gallagher

Keno Hill – Potential New Bermingham Ore Shoot Discovered

NOVEMBER 2025 UPDATE

Proven and Probable Silver Reserves

64

Million Ounces

Measured and Indicated Silver Resources

14

Million Ounces

Inferred Silver Resources

19 Million Ounces 2025 Production Outlook

Million Ounces

Proven and Probable SEO Reserves*

15

Million Ounces

Measured and Indicated SEO Resources*

5

Million Ounces

Inferred SEO Resources*

6

Million Ounces

2025 Exploration Budget

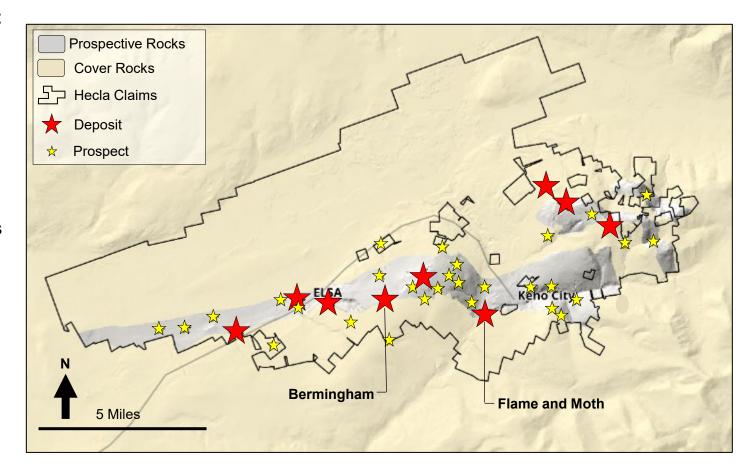
6

Million USD

2025 drilling identified a potential new high-grade ore shoot 500 feet down-plunge for existing Bermingham reserves, with multiple vein intersections supporting district-scale potential

Key Results

- New Discovery: 12.5' @ 40.4 oz/ton silver, 3.1% lead, and 3.8% zinc (Bermingham Main 2)
- 11 holes completed across 3 fences; 27 vein intersections total
- 2026 program planned to define ore shoot geometry and expand resource



Proven and Probable
Silver Reserves

64
Million Ounces

Measured and Indicated Silver Resources

14

Million Ounces

Inferred Silver Resources 19 Million Ounces 2025 Production Outlook 3 Million Ounces Proven and Probable SEO Reserves* 15 Million Ounces

Measured and Indicated SEO Resources*

5

Million Ounces

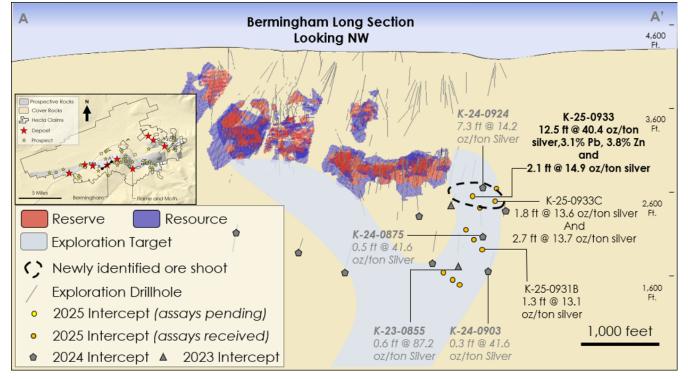
Inferred SEO
Resources*

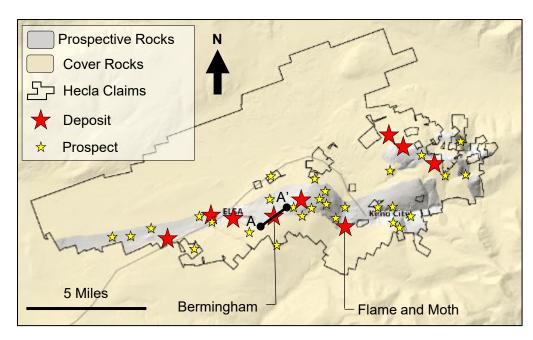
6
Million Ounces

2025 Exploration
Budget

6
Million USD

- Cluster of high-grade intercepts 500' down-plunge from reserve.
- Initial interpretation suggests shallow-plunging geometry
- Targeting additional 50 Moz silver resource potential





1. New High-Grade Discovery

- Potential new Bermingham ore shoot identified 500' from existing reserve
- Best Intercept: 12.5'@40.4 oz/ton silver, 3.8% zinc, and 3.1% lead
- Multiple high-grade vein intersections

2. Systematic Exploration Delivering

- Multi-vein targeting approach successful across district
- Targeting additional 50 Moz silver resource potential
- Confirming continuity and district-scale prospectivity

3. 2026 Resource Expansion Focus

- Follow-up drilling to define ore shoot geometry and size
- Step-out programs at Bermingham, Flame & Moth, and Inca
- Advanced techniques (AI, Geochemistry) improving targeting efficiency

*Silver Equivalent Ounces (SEO) exclusive of Silver Ounces

Located 50 miles from Lucky Friday with great exploration potential

Permitting strategy -

- Finding of No Significant Impact ("FONSI") issued in October 2025.
- FONSI allows for exploration to advance, e.g. potential geophysical survey to test geological opportunity (test tonnage, grades and infrastructure placement)
- Although not currently advancing Rock Creek, common ownership of both ore bodies provides optionality not available to previous proponents

Working to advance underground data collection and permitting

Overview and Inferred Resources (as of 12/31/24)

	Rock Creek	Libby Exploration Project				
Silver	148.7 Moz	183.3 Moz				
Copper	1.3 Blbs	1.5 Blbs				
Potential Mine Life	20-30 years each					
Acquisition Cost	\$46M	\$19M				

~330 Moz

Total silver ounces in inferred resources for Rock Creek and Libby. Combined, the projects are larger than Hecla's current reserves



Guidance – Strong Silver Margins, Cost Guidance Lowered

NOVEMBER 2025 UPDATE

2025 Production Outlook

	Silver Production (Moz)	Gold Production (Koz)	Silver Equivalent (Moz) ⁶	Gold Equivalent (Koz) ⁶
Greens Creek *	8.4 – 8.8	53 – 55	18.5 – 19.0	195 – 200
Lucky Friday *	4.9 – 5.1	N/A	8.0 – 8.5	80 – 85
Casa Berardi	N/A	92 – 95	8.5 – 9.0	92 – 95
Keno Hill *	2.9 – 3.1	N/A	3.0 - 3.5	35 – 40
2025 Total	16.2 – 17.0	145 – 150	38.0 – 40.0	402 – 420

2025 Consolidated Cost Outlook

	Total Cost of Sales (million)	Cash cost, after by-product credits, per silver/gold ounce ³	AISC, after by-product credits, per produced silver/gold ounce ³
Greens Creek	\$289	(\$7.00) – (\$5.75)	(\$1.00) - \$0.50
Lucky Friday	\$175	\$7.50 - \$8.50	\$21.00 - \$22.50
Total Silver	\$464	(\$1.75) – (\$0.75)	\$11.00 - \$13.00
Casa Berardi	\$205	\$1,700 - \$1,800	\$1,850 - \$2,000

2025 Capital and Exploration Outlook

(millions)	Current	Sustaining	Growth
Capital expenditures	\$222 - \$242	\$122 - \$129	\$100 - \$113
Greens Creek	\$47 - \$52	\$45 - \$47	\$2 - \$5
Lucky Friday	\$63 - \$68	\$58 - \$61	\$5 - \$7
Keno Hill	\$48 - \$54	-	\$48 - \$54
Casa Berardi	\$64 - \$68	\$19 - \$21	\$45 - \$47
Exploration & Pre-Development Expenditures	\$28		

^{*} Equivalent ounces include lead and zinc production

^{**} Calculated using metal prices assumption: Gold \$3,450/oz, Silver \$38.00/oz, Lead \$0.90/lb, Zinc \$1.33/lb, Copper \$4.00/lb



Five distinct periods of silver demand, three that are strengthening

- Monetary by governments (2000 BC to 1936 AD)
- Photographic (1900 to 1999)
- Industrial (1940 to present)
- Investment (2000 to present)
- Energy (2010 to present)

PVs with newer silver technologies that use more silver

Despite decrease in photographic demand, total demand increased 30%, or 269Moz due to the increase in industrial and investment demand

25-Year Change in Demand (Moz)

	1999	2024	% Change
Industrial	343	681	+99%
Photography	246	26	-89%
Jewelry/Silverware	261	263	0%
Physical investment	26	183	+604%
Producer hedging	11	4	-64%
Total	888	1157	+30%

Silver Supply And Demand

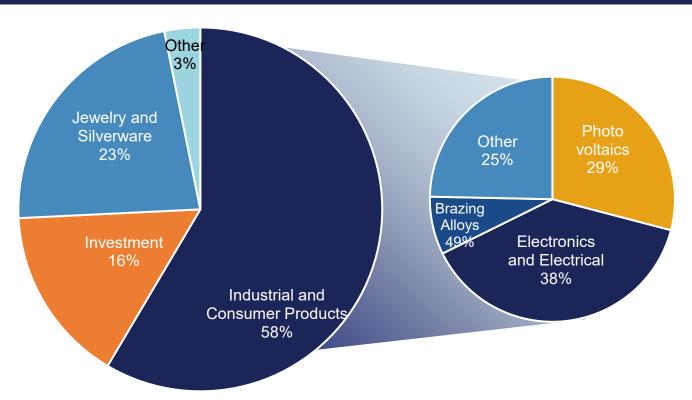
NOVEMBER 2025 UPDATE

2024 SILVER DEMAND: 1,164 Moz



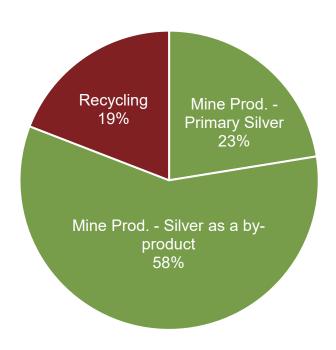
2024 SILVER SUPPLY: 1,015 Moz



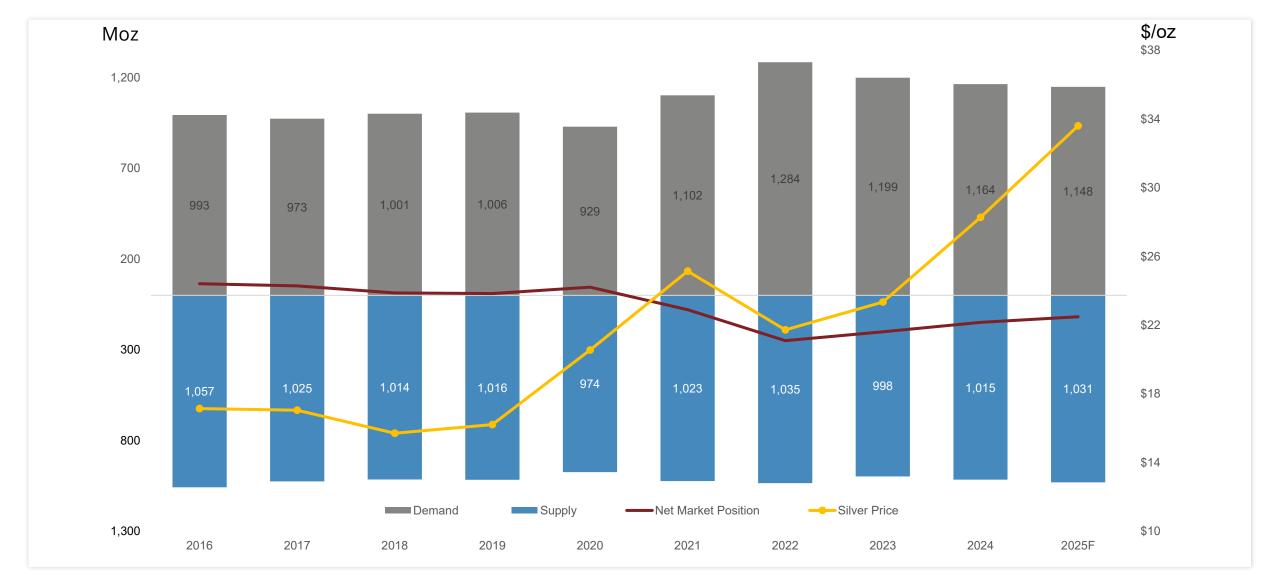


Green energy demand (solar, EVs) is new and growing.

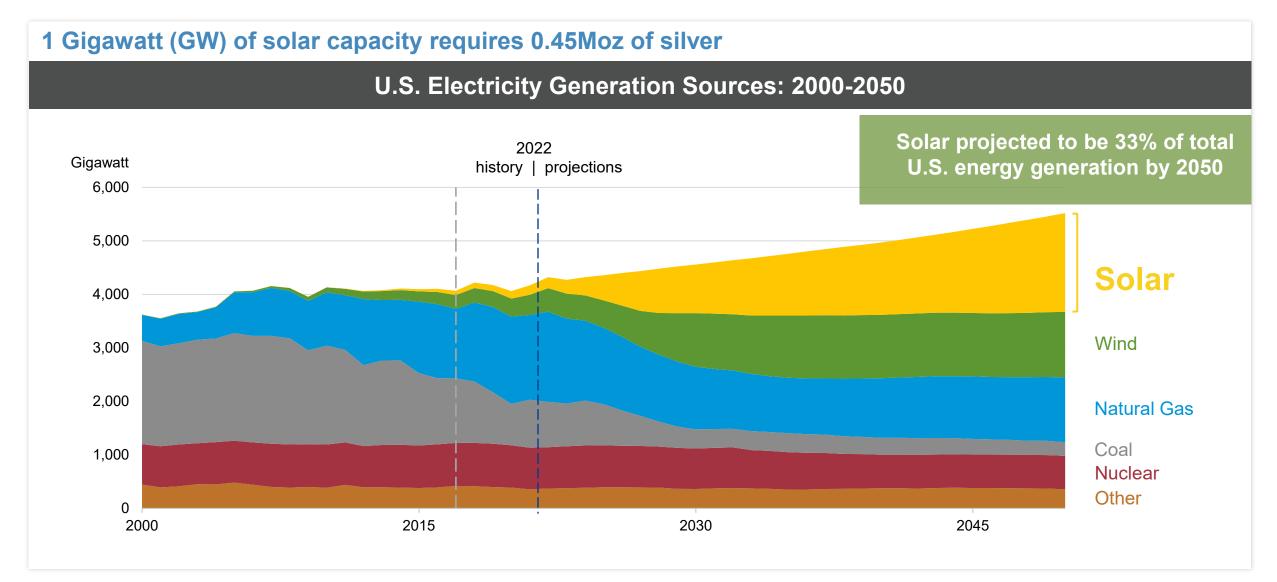
Solar: 17% 5-Year Annual Growth Rate



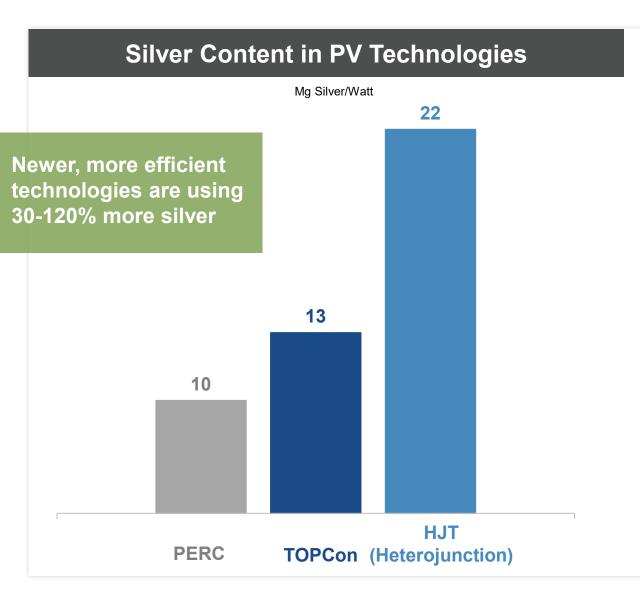
Mine Production accounts for 81% of total supply

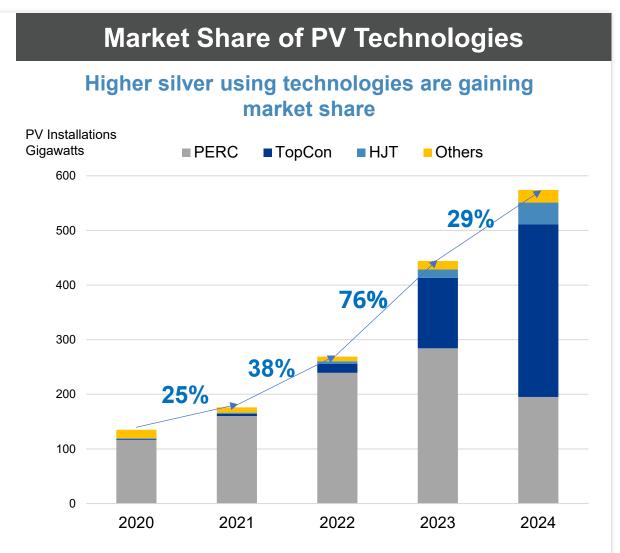


Source: Silver Institute Silver 2025 (2024 data)

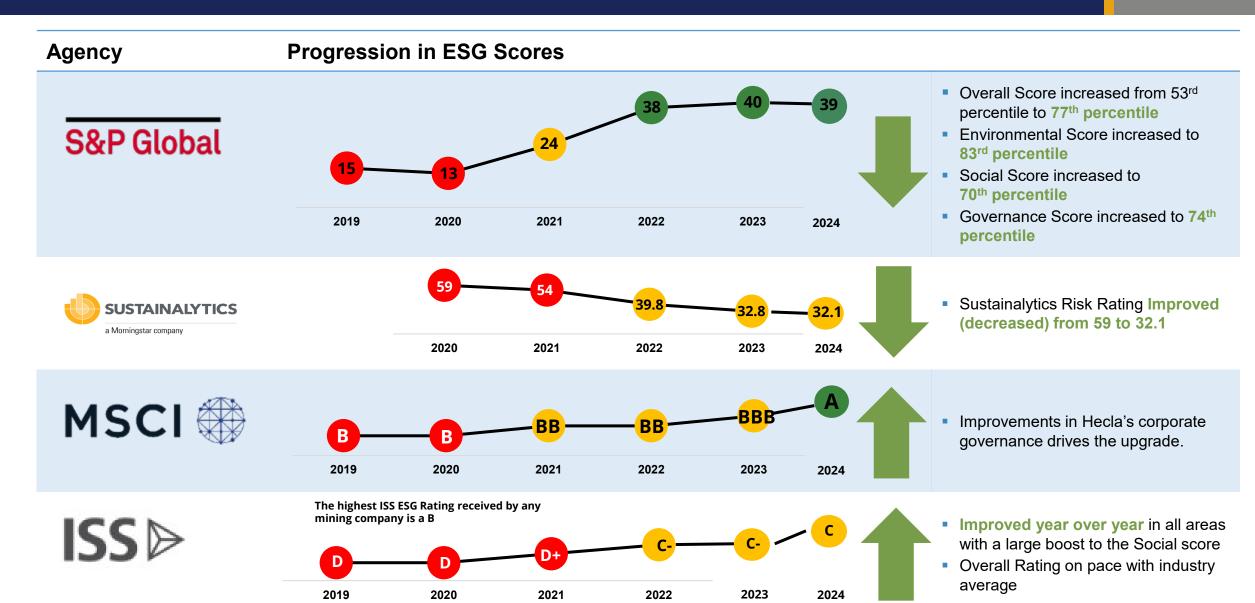


More Efficient Photovoltaic (PV) Technologies Use More Silver And Are Gaining Market Share









ESG Performance And Ratings





Ranking: 40 76th Percentile



Rating: A Score: 6.3



Score: 32.1 *(0 best, 100 worst)* Industry 56/107, 52nd percentile Subindustry 18/25, 71st percentile

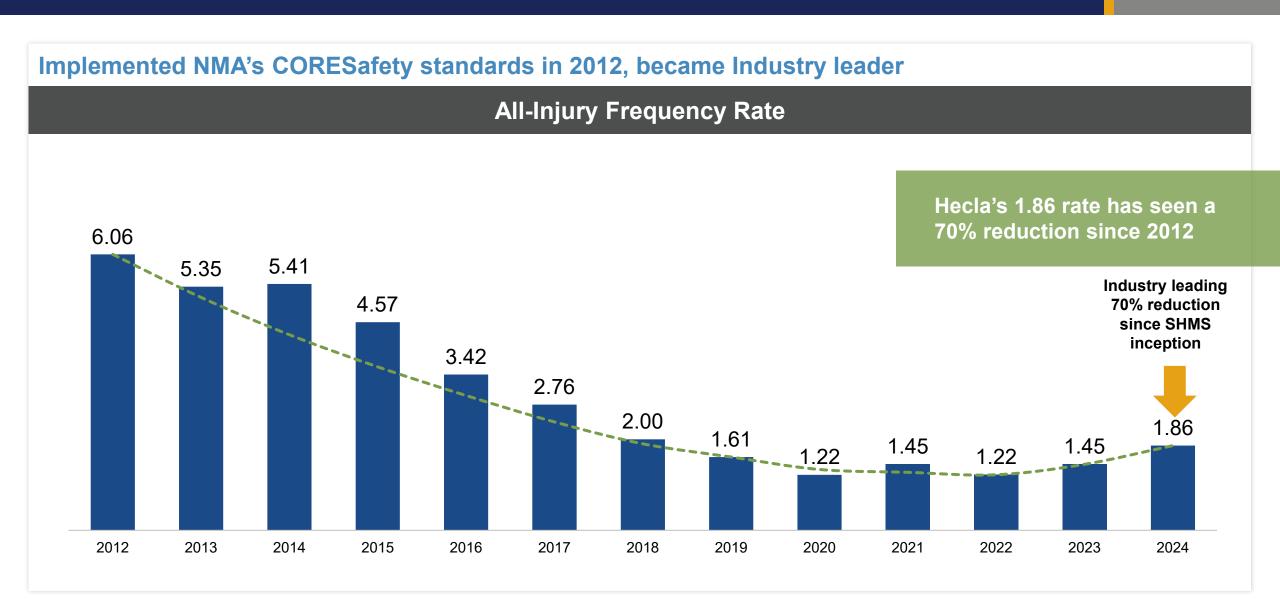
ISS ⊳

Rating: C

Environment: 5 (1 best, 10 worst)

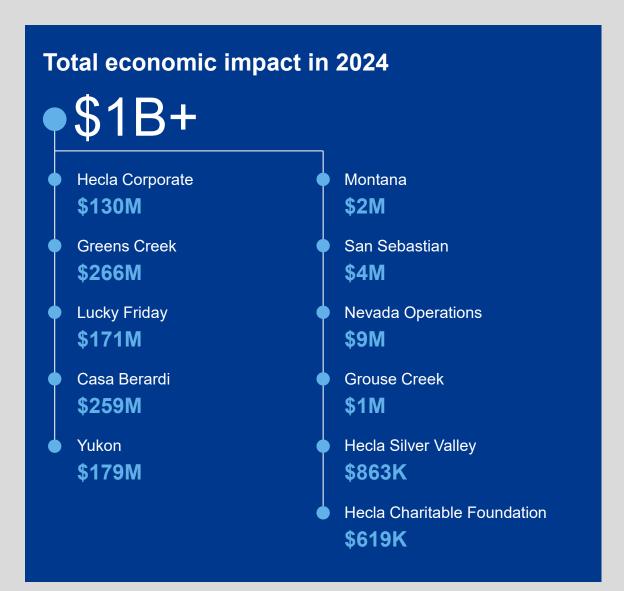
Social: 6 (1 best, 10 worst)

Governance: 3 (1 lower, 10 higher)



Largest private employer within the communities we operate, jobs and benefits that last a lifetime

- Total direct economic impact of over \$1 billion
- More than \$1M in scholarships and donations
- More than a living wage longevity, benefits



End Notes

- 1. Free cash flow is a non-GAAP measure and is calculated as cash flow from operations less additions to property, plant and equipment net of finance leases. Reconciliation to GAAP is shown in the appendix.
- 2. Net debt to adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP measurement, a reconciliation of adjusted EBITDA and net debt to the closest GAAP measurements of net income (loss) and debt can be found in the appendix. It is an important measure for management to measure relative indebtedness and the ability to service the debt relative to its peers. It is calculated as total debt outstanding less total cash on hand divided by adjusted EBITDA.
- 3. Realized silver margin is a non-GAAP measure and is calculated as realized market price of silver less AISC.
- 4. All-in sustaining cost ("AISC"), after by-product credits, is a non-GAAP measurement, a reconciliation of which to total cost of sales, the closest GAAP measurement, can be found in the appendix. AISC, after by-product credits, includes total cost of sales and other direct production costs, expenses for reclamation and exploration, and sustaining capital costs at the mine sites. AISC, after by-product credits, for our consolidated silver properties also includes corporate costs for all general and administrative expenses, exploration and sustaining capital which support the operating properties. AISC, after by-product credits, is calculated net of depreciation, depletion, and amortization and by-product credits. Current GAAP measures used in the mining industry, such as cost of goods sold, do not capture all the expenditures incurred to discover, develop and sustain silver and gold production. Management believes that all in sustaining costs is a non-GAAP measure that provides additional information to management, investors and analysts to help in the understanding of the economics of our operations and performance compared to other producers and in the investor's visibility by better defining the total costs associated with production. Similarly, the statistic is useful in identifying acquisition and investment opportunities as it provides a common tool for measuring the financial performance of other mines with varying geologic, metallurgical and operating characteristics. In addition, the Company may use it when formulating performance goals and targets under its incentive program.
- 5. Cash cost, after by-product credits, per silver and gold ounce represents a non-GAAP measurement, a reconciliation of which to total cost of sales and other direct production costs and depreciation, depletion and amortization (sometimes referred to as "total cost of sales" in this presentation), can be found in the Appendix. It is an important operating statistic that management utilizes to measure each mine's operating performance. It also allows the benchmarking of performance of each mine versus those of our competitors. As a primary U.S. silver mining company, management also uses the statistic on an aggregate basis aggregating the Greens Creek and Lucky Friday mines to compare performance with that of other primary silver mining companies. With regard to Casa Berardi, management uses cash cost, after by- product credits, per gold ounce to compare its performance with other gold mines. Similarly, the statistic is useful in identifying acquisition and investment opportunities as it provides a common tool for measuring the financial performance of other mines with varying geologic, metallurgical and operating characteristics. In addition, the Company may use it when formulating performance goals and targets under its incentive program.
- 6. Silver and gold equivalent (include zinc and lead production) is calculated using the average market prices for the time period noted.
- 7. Total cost of sales and other direct production costs and depreciation, depletion and amortization, and excludes ramp-up and suspension costs.
- 8. 2025E refers to Hecla's estimates for 2025. Expectations for 2025 include silver, gold, lead and zinc production from Greens Creek, Lucky Friday, Keno Hill, and Casa Berardi converted using Au \$3,150/oz, Ag \$33/oz, Zn \$1.25/lb, and Pb 0.90\$/lb, for equivalent ounce calculations and Au \$3,450/oz, Ag \$38.00/oz, Zn \$1.33/lb, and Pb 0.90\$/lb, for byproduct credit calculations. Numbers are rounded. Assumed exchange rate for Canadian dollar is unchanged at 1.35 CAD/USD.



Reconciliation of Net Income (GAAP) to Adjusted EBITDA (non-GAAP)

Last Twelve Months	Q3 2025	Q2 2025
Dollars in thousands (USD)		
Net income	\$ 199,227	\$ 100,262
Interest expense	49,839	47,335
Income and mining tax expense	111,652	68,225
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	167,669	162,410
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	(575)	2,976
Write down of property, plant and equipment	110	14,574
Fair value adjustments, net	(21,859)	(7,888)
Ramp-up and suspension costs	14,051	23,343
Provisional price gains	(25,299)	(19,476)
(Gain) loss on disposition of properties, plants, equipment, and mineral interests	754	(1,983)
Stock-based compensation	9,820	9,436
Provision for closed operations and environmental matters	6,064	6,338
Monetization of zinc and lead hedges	(4,614)	(6,879)
Inventory adjustments	4,054	4,181
Other	(5,389)	(4,186)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 505,504	\$ 398,668
Total debt	277,746	564,722
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	<u>133,910</u>	<u>296,565</u>
Net debt	\$ 143,836	\$ 268,157
Net debt/LTM adjusted EBITDA (non-GAAP)	0.3x	0.7x

NOVEMBER 2025 UPDATE

Silver

Total Cost of Sales (GAAP) to Cash Cost, Before By-product Credits and Cash Cost, After By-product Credits, per Ounce (non-GAAP) and All-In Sustaining Costs, Before By-product Credits, per Ounce (non-GAAP)

	Q3 2025	3 2025 Q2 2025	
In thousands (except per ounce amounts)			
Total cost of sales (GAAP)	\$ 157,470	\$ 127,088	\$ 461,000
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	(37,728)	(31,313)	(111,000)
Treatment costs	1,998	53	15,500
Change in product inventory	(4,160)	9,459	-
Reclamation and other costs	(856)	(103)	2,000
Cash costs excluded	(23,143)	(20,740)	
Cash Cost, Before By-product Credits ⁽¹⁾	93,581	84,444	367,500
Reclamation and other costs	953	952	4,000
Sustaining capital	33,222	26,607	119,100
General and administrative	13,872	12,540	52,400
AISC, Before By-product Credits ⁽¹⁾	141,628	124,543	543,000
Total By-product credits	(101,048)	(105,015)	(381,600)
Cash Cost, After By-product Credits	<u>\$ (7,467)</u>	\$ (20,571)	\$ (14,100)
AISC, After By-product Credits	<u>\$ 40,580</u>	<u>\$ 19,528</u>	\$ 161,400
Divided by ounces produced	3,685	3,764	13,600
Cash Cost, Before By-product Credits, per Silver Ounce	25.39	22.44	\$ 27.02
By-product credits per Silver Ounce	(27.42)	(27.90)	(28.06)
Cash Cost, After By-product Credits, per Silver Ounce	\$ (2.03)	\$ (5.46)	<u>\$ (1.04)</u>
AISC, Before By-product Credits, per Silver Ounce	38.43	33.09	\$ 39.93
By-products credit per Silver Ounce	(27.42)	(27.90)	(28.06)
AISC, After By-product Credits, per Silver Ounce	<u>\$ 11.01</u>	\$ 5.19	\$ 11.87

^{1.} Includes all direct and indirect operating costs related to the physical activities of producing metals, including mining, processing and other plant costs, third-party refining and marketing expense, on-site general and administrative costs, royalties and mining production taxes, before by-product revenues earned from all metals other than the primary metal produced at each unit. AISC, Before By-product Credits also includes on-site exploration, and sustaining capital costs.

NOVEMBER 2025 UPDATE

Greens Creek

Total Cost of Sales (GAAP) to Cash Cost, Before By-product Credits and Cash Cost, After By-product Credits, per Ounce (non-GAAP) and All-In Sustaining Costs, Before By-product Credits, per Ounce (non-GAAP)

	Q3 2025	Q2 2025	2025E
In thousands (except per ounce amounts)			
Total cost of sales (GAAP)	\$ 81,658	\$ 58,921	\$ 287,000
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	(16,229)	(12,897)	(58,000)
Treatment costs	(436)	(1,001)	9,000
Change in product inventory	(5,106)	9,234	-
Reclamation and other costs	(715)	57	<u> </u>
Cash Cost, Before By-product Credits ⁽¹⁾	59,172	54,314	238,000
Reclamation and other costs	758	757	3,000
Sustaining capital	13,210	<u>8,268</u>	46,000
AISC, Before By-product Credits ⁽¹⁾	73,140	63,339	287,000
Total By-product credits	(79,109)	(83,187)	(292,100)
Cash Cost, After By-product Credits	<u>\$ (19,937)</u>	<u>\$ (28,873)</u>	\$ (54,100)
AISC, After By-product Credits	<u>\$ (5,969)</u>	<u>\$ (19,848)</u>	\$ (5,100)
Divided by ounces produced	2,348	2,423	8,600
Cash Cost, Before By-product Credits, per Silver Ounce	\$ 25.20	\$ 22.42	\$ 27.67
By-products credits per Silver Ounce	(33.70)	(34.33)	(33.97)
Cash Cost, After By-product Credits, per Silver Ounce	\$ (8.50)	<u>\$ (11.91)</u>	\$ (6.30)
AISC, Before By-product Credits, per Silver Ounce	\$31.15	\$26.14	\$ 33.37
By-product credits per Silver Ounce	(33.70)	(34.33)	(33.97)
AISC, After By-product Credits, per Silver Ounce	\$ (2.55)	<u>\$ (8.19)</u>	\$ (0.60)

^{1.} Includes all direct and indirect operating costs related to the physical activities of production metals, including mining, processing and other plant costs, third-party refining and marketing expense, on-site general and administrative costs, royalties and mining production taxes, before by-product revenues earned from all metals other than the primary metal produced at each unit. AISC, Before By-product Credits also includes on-site exploration, and sustaining capital costs.

NOVEMBER 2025 UPDATE

Lucky Friday

Total Cost of Sales (GAAP) to Cash Cost, Before By-product Credits and Cash Cost, After By-product Credits (non-GAAP) and All-In Sustaining Costs, Before By-product Credits, per Ounce and All-In Sustaining Costs, After By-product Credits, per Ounce (non-GAAP)

	Q3 2025		Q2 2025		2025E	
In thousands (except per ounce amounts)						
Total cost of sales (GAAP)	\$	44,641	\$	42,286	\$	174,000
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		(13,471)		(13,275)		(53,000)
Treatment costs		2,434		1,054		6,500
Change in product inventory		946		225		-
Reclamation and other costs		(141)		(160)		2,000
Cash Cost, Before By-product Credits ⁽¹⁾		34,409		30,130		129,500
Reclamation and other costs		195		195		1,000
Sustaining capital		18,484		17,069		67,500
AISC, Before By-product Credits ⁽¹⁾		53,088		47,394		198,000
Total By-product credits		(21,939)		(21,828)		(89,500)
Cash Cost, After By-product Credits	\$	12,470	\$	8,302	\$	40,000
AISC, After By-product Credits	\$	31,149	\$	25,566	\$	108,500
Divided by ounces produced		1,337		1,341		5,000
Cash Cost, Before By-product Credits, per Silver Ounce	\$	25.73	\$	22.47	\$	25.90
By-products credits per Silver Ounce		(16.40)		(16.28)		(17.90)
Cash Cost, After By-product Credits, per Silver Ounce	\$	9.33	\$	6.19	\$	8.00
AISC, Before By-product Credits, per Silver Ounce	\$	39.70	\$	35.35	\$	39.60
By-products credits per Silver Ounce		(16.40)		(16.28)		(17.90)
AISC, After By-product Credits, per Silver Ounce	\$	23.30	\$	19.07	\$	21.70

^{1.} Includes all direct and indirect operating costs related to the physical activities of production taxes, before by-product revenues earned from all metals other than the primary metal produced at each unit. AISC, Before By-product Credits also includes on-site exploration, and sustaining capital costs.

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Casa Berardi

Total Cost of Sales (GAAP) to Cash Cost, Before By-product Credits and Cash Cost, After By-product Credits, (non-GAAP) and All-In Sustaining Costs, Before By-product Credits, per Ounce and All-In Sustaining Costs, After By-product Credits, per Ounce (non-GAAP)

	(Q3 2025		2025	2	.025E
In thousands (except per ounce amounts)						
Total cost of sales (GAAP)	\$	55,422	\$	50,790	\$	204,000
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		(10,896)		(5,846)		(34,000)
Treatment costs		40		44		-
Change in product inventory		(4,293)		(62)		-
Reclamation and other costs		(326)		(324)		
Cash Cost, Before By-product Credits ⁽¹⁾		39,947		44,602		170,000
Reclamation and other costs		326		324		1,000
Sustaining capital	_	3,774		2,242		17,000
AISC, Before By-product Credits ⁽¹⁾		44,047		47,168		188,000
Total By-product credits	-	(273)		(202)		(1,000)
Cash Cost, After By-product Credits	<u>\$</u>	39,674	\$	44,400	\$	169,000
AISC, After By-product Credits	\$	43,774	<u>\$</u>	46,966	\$	187,000
Divided by ounces produced		25		28		94
Cash Cost, Before By-product Credits, per Gold Ounce		1,593		1,585	\$	1,809
By-products credits per Gold Ounce		(11)		(7)		(11)
Cash Cost, After By-product Credits, per Gold Ounce	_	1,582		1,578	\$	1,798
AISC, Before By-product Credits, per Gold Ounce		1,757		1,676	\$	2,000
By-products credits per Gold Ounce	_	(11)		(7)		(11)
AISC, After By-product Credits, per Gold Ounce	\$	1,746	\$	1,669	\$	1,989

^{1.} Includes all direct and indirect operating costs related to the physical activities of production taxes, before by-product revenues earned from all metals other than the primary metal produced at each unit. AISC, Before By-product Credits also includes on-site exploration, reclamation, and sustaining capital costs.

Q3 2025 Reconciliation of cash provided by operating activities (GAAP) to Free Cash Flow (non-GAAP) for All Operations

	Greens Creek	Lucky Friday	Keno Hill	Casa Berardi
in millions				
Cash provided by operating activities	83.4	29.3	22.1	49.0
Additions to property, plant and mineral interest	(12.1)	(16.9)	(14.8)	(13.5)
Exploration	3.2	1.1	1.0	
Free Cash Flow	<u>\$74.5</u>	<u>\$13.5</u>	<u>\$8.3</u>	<u>\$35.5</u>



Proven Reserves⁽¹⁾

Asset	Location	Ownership	Tons (000)	Silver (oz/ton)	Gold (oz/ton)	Lead %	Zinc %	Silver (000 oz)	Gold (000 oz)	Lead Tons	Zinc Tons
Greens Creek ^(2,3)		100.0%	9	7.6	0.07	2.4	6.5	70	1	220	600
Lucky Friday ^(2,4)		100.0%	5,285	11.9	-	7.6	3.6	62,825	-	400,400	189,860
Casa Berardi Underground ^(2,5)	(*)	100.0%	87	-	0.15	-	-	-	13	-	-
Casa Berardi Open Pit ^(2,5)	(*)	100.0%	4,958	-	0.08	-	-	-	415	-	-
Keno Hill (2,6)	(*)	100.0%	13	28.1	-	3.0	1.6	364	-	380	200
Total			10,352					63,259	429	401,000	190,660

Probable Reserves⁽⁷⁾

Asset	Location	Ownership	Tons (000)	Silver (oz/ton)	Gold (oz/ton)	Lead %	Zinc %	Silver (000 oz)	Gold (000 oz)	Lead Tons	Zinc Tons
Greens Creek ^(2,3)		100.0%	10,438	9.9	0.08	2.3	6.2	103,641	864	240,450	645,410
Lucky Friday ^(2,4)		100.0%	790	11.4	-	7.6	3.1	9,011	-	60,210	24,620
Casa Berardi Underground ^(2,5)	(*)	100.0%	391	-	0.15	-	-	-	59	-	-
Casa Berardi Open Pit ^(2,5)	(*)	100.0%	10,457	-	0.08	-	-	-	804	-	-
Keno Hill ^(2,6)	(*)	100.0%	2,630	24.3	0.01	2.4	2.4	63,914	17	63,440	62,790
Total			24,706					176,566	1,744	364,100	732,820

Proven and Probable Reserves

Asset	Location	Ownership	Tons (000)	Silver (oz/ton)	Gold (oz/ton)	Lead %	Zinc %	Silver (000 oz)	Gold (000 oz)	Lead Tons	Zinc Tons
Greens Creek ^(2,3)		100.0%	10,447	9.9	0.08	2.3	6.2	103,771	865	240,670	646,010
Lucky Friday ^(2,4)		100.0%	6,075	11.8	-	7.6	3.5	71,836	-	460,610	214,480
Casa Berardi Underground ^(2,5)	(*)	100.0%	478	-	0.15	-	-	-	72	-	-
Casa Berardi Open Pit ^(2,5)	(*)	100.0%	15,415	-	0.08	-	-	-	1,219	-	-
Keno Hill ^(2,6)	(*)	100.0%	2,643	24.3	0.01	2.4	2.4	64,278	17	63,820	62,990
Total			35,058					239,825	2,173	765,100	923,480

Mineral Reserves – 12/31/2024⁽¹⁾ (4/4)

- 1. The term "reserve" means an estimate of tonnage and grade or quality of indicated and measured mineral resources that, in the opinion of the qualified person, can be the basis of an economically viable project. More specifically, it is the economically mineable part of a measured or indicated mineral resource, which includes diluting materials and allowances for losses that may occur when the material is mined or extracted. The term "proven reserves" means the economically mineable part of a measured mineral resource and can only result from conversion of a measured mineral resource. See footnotes 8 and 9 below.
- 2. Mineral reserves are based on \$22/oz silver, \$1,900/oz gold, \$0.90/lb lead, \$1.15/lb zinc, unless otherwise stated. All Mineral Reserves are reported in-situ with estimates of mining dilution and mining loss.
- 3. The reserve NSR cut-off value for Greens Creek is \$230/ton for all zones; metallurgical recoveries (actual 2024): 79% for silver, 72% for gold, 81% for lead, and 89% for zinc.
- 4. The reserve NSR cut-off values for Lucky Friday are \$225/ton for the 30 Vein and \$236/ton for the Intermediate Veins; metallurgical recoveries (actual 2024): 94% for silver, 94% for lead, and 86% for zinc
- 5. The average reserve cut-off grades at Casa Berardi are 0.12 oz/ton gold (4.1 g/tonne) underground and 0.03 oz/ton gold (1.1 g/tonne) for open pit. Metallurgical recovery (actual 2024): 85% for gold; US\$/CAD\$ exchange rate: 1:1.35.
- 6. The reserve NSR cut-off value at Keno Hill is \$235.20/ton (CAD\$350/tonne), Metallurgical recovery (actual 2024): 97% for silver, 95% for lead, 87% for zinc; US\$/CAD\$ exchange rate: 1:1.35
- 7. The term "probable reserves" means the economically mineable part of an indicated and, in some cases, a measured mineral resource. See footnotes 9 and 10 below.

Totals may not represent the sum of parts due to rounding

Measured Resources⁽⁹⁾

Asset	Location	Ownership	Tons (000)	Silver (oz/ton)	Gold (oz/ton)	Lead %	Zinc %	Copper %	Silver (000 oz)	Gold (000 oz)	Lead (Tons)	Zinc (Tons)	Copper (Tons)
Greens Creek ^(12,13)		100.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lucky Friday ^(12,14)		100.0%	3,781	8.7	-	5.8	2.6	-	32,795	-	217,490	99,840	-
Casa Berardi Underground ^(12,15)	(*)	100.0%	1,486	-	0.20	-	-	-	-	300	-	-	-
Casa Berardi Open Pit ^(12,15)	(*)	100.0%	84	-	0.03	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-
Keno Hill ^(12,16)	(*)	100.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
San Sebastian - Oxide ⁽¹⁷⁾	(•)	100.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
San Sebastian - Sulfide ⁽¹⁷⁾	•	100.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fire Creek ^(18,19)		100.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hollister ^(18,20)		100.0%	19	4.7	0.57	-	-	-	88	11	-	-	-
Midas ^(18,21)		100.0%	2	7.1	0.62	-	-	-	15	1	-	-	-
Heva ⁽²²⁾	(+)	100.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hosco ⁽²²⁾	(+)	100.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Star ^(12,23)		100.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rackla - Tiger Open Pit ⁽²⁹⁾	(+)	100.0%	881	-	0.09	-	-	-	-	75	-	-	-
Rackla - Tiger Underground ⁽²⁹⁾	(+)	100.0%	32	-	0.06	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
Rackla - Osiris Open Pit ⁽³⁰⁾	(+)	100.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rackla - Osiris Underground ⁽³⁰⁾	(+)	100.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total			6,285						32,898	392	217,490	99,840	-

Indicated Resources⁽¹⁰⁾

Asset	Location	Ownership	Tons (000)	Silver (oz/ton)	Gold (oz/ton)	Lead %	Zinc %	Copper %	Silver (000 oz)	Gold (000 oz)	Lead (Tons)	Zinc (Tons)	Copper (Tons)
Greens Creek ^(12,13)		100.0%	7,619	14.1	0.10	3.0	8.0	-	107,226	760	227,360	607,600	-
Lucky Friday ^(12,14)		100.0%	845	8.7	-	6.6	2.3	-	7,350	-	55,890	19,700	-
Casa Berardi Underground ^(12,15)	(*)	100.0%	3,522	-	0.17	-	-	-	-	594	-	-	-
Casa Berardi Open Pit ^(12,15)	(*)	100.0%	126	-	0.03	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-
Keno Hill ^(12,16)	(*)	100.0%	1,050	13.7	0.01	1.1	2.1	-	14,431	12	11,610	22,460	-
San Sebastian - Oxide ⁽¹⁷⁾	(*)	100.0%	1,233	6.6	0.10	-	-	-	8,146	121	-	-	-
San Sebastian - Sulfide ⁽¹⁷⁾	(*)	100.0%	1,164	5.3	0.01	2.0	3.1	1.3	6,211	15	23,500	35,900	15,240
Fire Creek ^(18,19)		100.0%	197	8.0	0.37	-	-	-	162	73	-	-	-
Hollister ^(18,20)		100.0%	74	1.8	0.56	-	-	-	134	41	-	-	-
Midas ^(18,21)		100.0%	95	5.4	0.40	-	-	-	514	38	-	-	-
Heva ⁽²²⁾	(*)	100.0%	1,208	-	0.05	-	-	-	-	62	-	-	-
Hosco ⁽²²⁾	(*)	100.0%	32,152	-	0.03	-	-	-	-	1,097	-	-	-
Star ^(12,23)		100.0%	834	3.4	-	7.2	8.5	-	2,820	-	60,120	70,450	-
Rackla - Tiger Open Pit ⁽²⁹⁾	(*)	100.0%	3,116	-	0.10	-	-	-	-	311	-	-	-
Rackla - Tiger Underground ⁽²⁹⁾	(*)	100.0%	960	-	0.08	-	-	-	-	76	-	-	-
Rackla - Osiris Open Pit ⁽³⁰⁾	(*)	100.0%	4,843	-	0.12	-	-	-	-	577	-	-	-
Rackla - Osiris Underground ⁽³⁰⁾	(*)	100.0%	927	-	0.13	-	-	-	-	123	-	-	-
Total			59,965						146,994	3,904	378,480	756,110	15,240

Measured & Indicated Resources

Asset	Location	Ownership	Tons (000)	Silver (oz/ton)	Gold (oz/ton)	Lead %	Zinc %	Copper %	Silver (000 oz)	Gold (000 oz)	Lead (Tons)	Zinc (Tons)	Copper (Tons)
Greens Creek ^(12,13)		100.0%	7,619	14.1	0.10	3.0	8.0	-	107,226	760	227,360	607,600	-
Lucky Friday ^(12,14)		100.0%	4,627	8.7	-	6.2	2.5	-	40,145	-	273,380	119,540	-
Casa Berardi Underground ^(12,15)	(*)	100.0%	5,007	-	0.18	-	-	-	-	895	-	-	-
Casa Berardi Open Pit ^(12,15)	(*)	100.0%	210	-	0.03	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-
Keno Hill ^(12,16)	(*)	100.0%	1,050	13.7	0.01	1.1	2.1	-	14,431	12	11,610	22,460	-
San Sebastian - Oxide(17)	(-)	100.0%	1,233	6.6	0.10	-	-	-	8,146	121	-	-	-
San Sebastian - Sulfide(17)	(-)	100.0%	1,164	5.3	0.01	2.0	3.1	1.3	6,211	15	23,500	35,900	15,240
Fire Creek ^(18,19)		100.0%	197	0.8	0.37	-	-	-	162	73	-	-	-
Hollister ^(18,20)		100.0%	93	2.4	0.56	-	-	-	223	52	-	-	-
Midas ^(18,21)		100.0%	97	5.5	0.40	-	-	-	529	39	-	-	-
Heva ⁽²²⁾	(*)	100.0%	1,208	-	0.05	-	-	-	-	62	-	-	-
Hosco ⁽²²⁾	(*)	100.0%	32,152	-	0.03	-	-	-	-	1,097	-	-	-
Star ^(12,23)		100.0%	834	3.4	-	7.2	8.5	-	2,820	-	60,120	70,450	-
Rackla - Tiger Open Pit ⁽²⁹⁾	(*)	100.0%	3,997	-	0.10	-	-	-	-	386	-	-	-
Rackla - Tiger Underground ⁽²⁹⁾	(*)	100.0%	991	-	0.08	-	-	-	-	78	-	-	-
Rackla - Osiris Open Pit(30)	(*)	100.0%	4,843	-	0.12	-	-	-	-	577	-	-	-
Rackla - Osiris Underground ⁽³⁰⁾	(*)	100.0%	927	-	0.13	-	-	-	-	123	-	-	-
Total			66,249						179,893	4,296	595,970	855,950	15,240

Inferred Resources⁽¹¹⁾

Asset	Location	Ownership	Tons (000)	Silver (oz/ton)	Gold (oz/ton)	Lead %	Zinc %	Copper %	Silver (000 oz)	Gold (000 oz)	Lead (Tons)	Zinc (Tons)	Copper (Tons)
Greens Creek ^(12,13)		100.0%	1,878	13.4	0.08	2.9	6.9	-	25,106	151	54,010	130,120	-
Lucky Friday ^(12,14)		100.0%	3,811	10.3	-	7.7	3.2	-	39,183	-	293,010	121,710	-
Casa Berardi Underground ^(12,15)	(+)	100.0%	2,076	-	0.20	-	-	-	-	408	-	_	-
Casa Berardi Open Pit ^(12,15)	(*)	100.0%	577	-	0.10	-	-	_	-	57	-	-	-
Keno Hill ^(12,16)	(+)	100.0%	1,300	14.8	0.005	1.3	2.7	_	19,270	6	16,450	34,940	-
San Sebastian - Oxide ⁽¹⁷⁾	•	100.0%	2,163	7.1	0.06	-	<u>-</u>	-	15,364	134	-	-	-
San Sebastian - Sulfide ⁽¹⁷⁾	•	100.0%	326	4.3	0.01	1.7	2.6	0.9	1,388	4	5,680	8,420	3,090
Fire Creek ^(18,19)		100.0%	1,197	0.4	0.42	-	-	-	524	500	-	-	-
Fire Creek - Open Pit(24)		100.0%	74,584	0.1	0.03	-	-	-	5,232	2,178	-	-	-
Hollister ^(18,20)		100.0%	742	2.7	0.40	-	-	-	2,037	294	-	-	-
Midas ^(18,21)		100.0%	1,480	5.3	0.44	-	-	-	7,918	657	-	-	-
Heva ⁽²²⁾	(*)	100.0%	1,615	-	0.08	-	-	-	-	136	-	-	-
Hosco ⁽²²⁾	(*)	100.0%	14,460	-	0.03	-	-	-	-	461	-	_	-
Star ^(12,23)		100.0%	2,044	3.5	-	6.7	6.7	-	7,129	-	137,040	137,570	-
San Juan Silver ^(12,25)		100.0%	2,351	15.8	0.01	1.4	1.1	-	37,026	27	47,430	38,020	-
Monte Cristo ⁽²⁶⁾		100.0%	523	0.2	0.24	-	<u>-</u>	-	126	101	-	-	-
Rock Creek ^(12,27)		100.0%	99,997	1.5	-	-	-	0.7	148,688	-	-	-	658,410
Libby Exploration Project (12,28)		100.0%	112,185	1.6	-	-	-	0.7	183,346	-	-	-	759,420
Rackla - Tiger Open Pit ⁽²⁹⁾	(+)	100.0%	30	-	0.05	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
Rackla - Tiger Underground ⁽²⁹⁾	(+)	100.0%	153	-	0.07	-	-	-	-	11	-	-	-
Rackla - Osiris Open Pit(30)	(+)	100.0%	5,919	-	0.09	-	-	-	-	529	-	-	-
Rackla - Osiris Underground(30)	(+)	100.0%	4,398	-	0.12	-	-	-	-	515	-	-	-
Total			333,809						492,337	6,171	553,620	470,780	1,420,920

Mineral Resources - 12/31/2024⁽⁸⁾ (5/6)

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Note: All estimates are in-situ except for the proven reserves at Greens Creek and Keno Hill which are in surface stockpiles. Stockpile materials make up 26.5k tons of proven reserves at Casa Berardi . Mineral resources are exclusive of reserves.

- 8. The term "mineral resources" means a concentration or occurrence of material of economic interest in or on the Earth's crust in such form, grade or quality, and quantity that there are reasonable prospects for economic extraction. A mineral resource is a reasonable estimate of mineralization, taking into account relevant factors such as cut-off grade, likely mining dimensions, location or continuity, that, with the assumed and justifiable technical and economic conditions, is likely to, in whole or in part, become economically extractable. It is not merely an inventory of all mineralization drilled or sampled.
- 9. The term "measured resources" means that part of a mineral resource for which quantity and grade or quality are estimated on the basis of conclusive geological evidence and sampling. The level of geological certainty associated with a measured mineral resource is sufficient to allow a qualified person to apply modifying factors in sufficient detail to support detailed mine planning and final evaluation of the economic viability of the deposit. Because a measured mineral resource has a higher level of confidence than the level of confidence of either an indicated mineral resource or an inferred mineral resource, a measured mineral resource may be converted to a proven mineral reserve or to a probable mineral reserve.
- 10. The term "indicated resources" means that part of a mineral resource for which quantity and grade or quality are estimated on the basis of adequate geological evidence and sampling. The level of geological certainty associated with an indicated mineral resource is sufficient to allow a qualified person to apply modifying factors in sufficient detail to support mine planning and evaluation of the economic viability of the deposit. Because an indicated mineral resource has a lower confidence level than a measured mineral resource, an indicated mineral resource may only be converted to a probable mineral reserve.
- 11. The term "inferred resources" means that part of a mineral resource for which quantity and grade or quality are estimated on the basis of limited geological evidence and sampling. The level of geological uncertainty associated with an inferred mineral resource is too high to apply relevant technical and economic factors likely to influence the prospects of economic extraction in a manner useful for evaluation of economic viability. Because an inferred mineral resource has the lowest level of geological confidence of all mineral resources, which prevents the application of the modifying factors in a manner useful for evaluation of economic viability, an inferred mineral resource may not be considered when assessing the economic viability of a mining project and may not be converted to a mineral reserve.
- 12. Mineral resources are based on \$2,000/oz gold, \$24/oz silver, \$1.15/lb lead, \$1.35/lb zinc and \$4/lb copper, unless otherwise stated.
- 13. The resource NSR cut-off value for Greens Creek is \$230/ton for all zones; metallurgical recoveries (actual 2024): 79% for silver, 72% for gold, 81% for lead, and 89% for zinc.
- 14. The resource NSR cut-off value for Lucky Friday is \$236/ton; metallurgical recoveries (actual 2024): 94% for silver, 94% for lead, and 86% for zinc
- 15. The average resource cut-off grades at Casa Berardi are 0.11 oz/ton gold (3.7 g/tonne) for underground and 0.03 oz/ton gold (1.05 g/tonne) for open pit; metallurgical recovery (actual 2024): 85% for gold; US\$/CAD\$ exchange rate: 1:1.35.
- 16. The resource NSR cut-off value at Keno Hill is \$134.40/ton (CAD\$200/tonne); using minimum width of 4.9 feet (1.5m); metallurgical recovery (actual 2024): 97% for silver, 95% for lead, 87% for zinc; US\$/CAD\$ exchange rate: 1:1.35

- 17. Mineral resources for underground zones at San Sebastian reported at a cut-off value of \$158.8/ton (\$175/tonne), open pit resources reported at a cut-off value of \$72.6/ton (\$80/tonne); Metallurgical recoveries based on grade dependent recovery curves: recoveries at the mean resource grade average 89% for silver and 84% for gold for oxide material and 85% for silver, 83% for gold, 81% for lead, 86% for zinc, and 83% for copper for sulfide material. Resources reported at a minimum mining width of 8.2 feet (2.5m) for Middle Vein, North Vein, and East Francine, 6.5ft (1.98m) for El Toro, El Bronco, and El Tigre, and 4.9 feet (1.5 m) for Hugh Zone and Andrea.
- 18. Mineral resources for Fire Creek, Hollister and Midas are reported using a minimum mining width of four feet or the vein true thickness plus two feet, whichever is greater.
- 19. Fire Creek underground mineral resources are reported at a gold equivalent cut-off grade of 0.22 oz/ton. Metallurgical recoveries: 90% for gold and 70% for silver.
- 20. Hollister mineral resources, including the Hatter Graben are reported at a gold equivalent cut-off grade of 0.21 oz/ton. Metallurgical recoveries: 88% for gold and 66% for silver
- 21. Midas mineral resources are reported at a gold equivalent cut-off grade of 0.20 oz/ton. Metallurgical recoveries: 90% for gold and 70% for silver. Inferred resources for the Sinter Zone are reported undiluted.
- 22. Mineral resources at Heva and Hosco are based on a gold cut-off grade of 0.011 oz/ton (0.37 g/tonnes) for open pit and 0.117 oz/ton (4 g/tonne) for underground and metallurgical recoveries of 95% for gold at Heva and 81.5% and 87.7% for gold at Hosco depending on zone. Heva and Hosco resources are diluted 20% and reported using a 7% mining loss.
- 23. Indicated and Inferred resources at the Star property are reported using a minimum mining width of 4.3 feet and an NSR cut-off value of \$200/ton; Metallurgical recovery: 93% for silver, 93% for lead, and 87% for zinc.
- 24. Inferred open-pit resources for Fire Creek calculated November 30, 2017, using gold and silver recoveries of 65% and 30% for oxide material and 60% and 25% for mixed oxide-sulfide material. Indicated Resources reclassified as Inferred in 2019. Open pit resources are calculated at \$1400 gold and \$19.83 silver and cut-off grade of 0.01 Au Equivalent oz/ton and is inclusive of 10% mining dilution and 5% ore loss. Open pit mineral resources exclusive of underground mineral resources. NI43-101 Technical Report for the Fire Creek Project, Lander County, Nevada; Effective Date March 31, 2018; prepared by Practical Mining LLC, Mark Odell, P.E. for Hecla Mining Company, June 28, 2018.
- 25. Inferred resources reported at a minimum mining width of 6.0 feet for Bulldog and an NSR cut-off value of \$175/ton; Metallurgical recoveries based on grade dependent recovery curves; metal recoveries at the mean resource grade average 89% silver, 74% lead, and 81% zinc for the Bulldog and a constant 85% gold and 85% silver for North Amethyst and Equity.
- 26. Inferred resource at Monte Cristo reported at a minimum mining width of 5.0 feet and a 0.10 oz/ton gold cut-off grade. Metallurgical recovery: 90% for gold and 90% silver.
- 27. Inferred resource at Rock Creek reported at a minimum thickness of 15 feet and an NSR cut-off value of \$31.50/ton; Metallurgical recoveries: 88% for silver and 92% for copper. Resources adjusted based on mining restrictions as defined by U.S. Forest Service, Kootenai National Forest in the June 2003 'Record of Decision, Rock Creek Project'.
- 28. Inferred resource at Libby reported at a minimum thickness of 15 feet and an NSR cut-off value of \$31.50/ton NSR; Metallurgical recoveries: 88% for silver and 92% copper.
- 29. Mineral resources at the Rackla-Tiger Project are based on a gold price of \$1650/oz, metallurgical recovery of 95% for gold, and cut-off grades od 0.02 oz/ton gold for the open pit portion of the resources and 0.04 oz/ton gold for the underground portions of the resources; US\$/CAD\$ exchange rate: 1:1.3.
- 30. Mineral resources at the Rackla-Osiris Project are based on a gold price of \$1850/oz, metallurgical recovery of 83% for gold, and cut-off grades of 0.03 oz/ton gold for the open pit portion of the resources and 0.06 oz/ton gold for the underground portions of the resources; US\$/CAD\$ exchange rate: 1:1.3.

Totals may not represent the sum of parts due to rounding